## Groceries.

## GROCERIES & LUMBER

EXTON'S STORE, ON THE HILL, BALTIMORE STREET, GETTYSBURG, PA.

## FRESH GROCERIES

week from the City, Provisions, Dried an Fruits of all kinds, always on hand, at lowes

R, CORN MEAL, CHEESE, PURE CIDER VIN- GAR, SOAPS OF ALL KINDS, CANDLES, NOTIONS, CONFECTIONARIES, BROOMS, &c.; also,

## LUMBER,

as Scantling, Posts, Shingles, Plank, &c., conti on hand at lowest living rates. Call and see. e 24.—tf.

## OSEPH GILLESPIE,

aler in Flour, Groceries, Notions, &c.,

## ETTYSBURG, PA.,

TES the attention of the public to their large ck of Goods, at the old stand, on York street, oor to the Globe Inn, consisting of the best of

GROCERIES,

Syrups, Molasses, Coffees, Teas, Spices, Salt ke

BEST BRANDS OF FLOUR

market, with Hams, Shoulders, Sides, Fish, Fruits, Confections, &c. Also,

*NOTIONS,*

at variety: Cedar and Willow-ware, Stone- Crockery-ware, Baskets, Segars, Tobaccos, Iowned and another articles.

BUTTER AND EGGS,

d fresh, always for sale. ASPIE & Co. will spare no effort to please, and confident of being able to do so by constantly e a full and choice stock, and selling at the west profits. Country Produce wanted, either cash or in exchange for goods, highest market llowed. JOSEPH S. GILLESPIE. 17, 1863.—tf

## WM. J. MARTIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

*OCERIES AND LIQUORS,*

ce lot of Groceries that I am selling Cheap

## HOICE LIQUORS,

*Rye Whisky eight years Old.*

*Very Old French Brandy.*

OTHER KINDS OF LIQUORS,

eral assortment of BITTERS, among which is e Herb Bitters.

e Liquors for Medical pur- ses at WM. J. MARTIN'S.

le Cutlery, Glassware, Queens- ARE, &c., at WM. J. MARTIN'S. O. 1869

## I. BOYER & SON,

DEALERS IN

## OCERIES, NOTIONS, TOBACCOS,

ALSO,

*Wooden and Willow Ware.*

A general assortment of Goods usually kept in a FAMILY GROCERY. 1867.—tf

## ARGAINS

at the new

## ROCERY

IN GETTYSBURG.

JACOB W. CRESS

G opened a new Grocery, in Gettysburg, on north-west corner of the Public Square, ecured a splendid assortment of FRESH

## ROCERIES,

Sugars, Coffee, Molasses, Syrup, Teas, bacco, Salt, Fish, Hams, Shoulders, &c. Also,

NSWARE, CONFECTIONS,

ts, Soaps, Fancy Articles and Notions gener- will also keep on hand FLOUR and FEED

purchased for CASH, I am prepared to heap. Give me a call and judge for your- 1867.—tf J. W. CRESS.

## ROCERY.

M. B. MEALS HAS OPENED A

ery, Vegetable and Notion Store

ance adjoining Meals & Brother's Marble ORE, EAST YORK STREET

prepared to sell as cheap as the cheapes his line. Give usa call. 1868.—tf

## l and Personal Sales.

ABLE FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

igned, Executrix of the will of JAMES ceased, in accordance with said will, Private Sale, the valuable Farm on ow residence, belonging to the heirs of ased, situated in Reading township, Ad- about 1½ miles north of Hampton, four ork Sulphur Springs and 4½ mile from ore and Carlisle pike, containing 201 s or less. This is commonly known as end Hill Farm." It is mostly of the has been heavily limed and manured, gh state of cultivation. There are about good farming land, and 40 Acres of good e farm is well watered with springs and ert; a never-failing spring of excellent 2 yards from the door; also, another nd strong spring about ¼ mile from the which the water runs to the house con- red by a hydraulic Ram, which has been r or less. This is commonly known as

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Very Old French Brandy.

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HARPER, McPHERSON & SAMUELS, PROPRIETORS.

*Baltimore street, between the Court-house and Diamond Gettysburg, Pa.*

TERMS OF PUBLICATION:

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Friday morning, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at reasonable rates.—A liberal deduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half-year, or year. Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞The circulation of the STAR AND SENTINEL is one-half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

☞WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed and at fair rates. Handbills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style will be printed at short notice. Terms CASH.

# The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXIX. NO. 35. GETTYSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1869. WHOLE NO. 3571.


### OFFICIAL DIRECTORY

COUNTY OFFICERS.

*President Judge*—Robert J. Fisher.
*Associate Judges*—Joseph J. Kuhn, Robert G. Harper.
*Prothonotary*—Jacob Malhorn.
*Register and Recorder*—Wm. D. Holtzworth.
*Clerks to the Courts*—A. W. Minter.
*District Attorney*—Wm. A. Duncan.
*Treasurer*—H. B. Wattles.
*Sheriff*—Philip Hann.
*Coroner*—Dr. W. J. McClure.
*Surveyor*—Jesse D. Keller.
*Commissioners*—Jacob Waterman, Jacob Lott, Moses Hartman. *Clerk*—J. M. Walter. *Counsel*—Wm. McClean. *Physician to Jail*—Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal.
*Directors of the Poor*—John Rahn, Martin Geis, Benjamin Deardorff. *Steward*—Jonas Johns. *Clerk*—H. G. Wolf. *Treasurer*—Jacob Benner. *Counsel*—J. C. Neely. *Physician*—J. W. C. O'Neal.
*Auditors*—Henry L. Bream, Martin E. Bollinger, Eli G. Hoegy.

BOROUGH OF GETTYSBURG.

*Burgess*—C. H. Buehler.
*Council*—W. S. Hamilton, Alexander Spangler, Jacob W. Cress, Robert Tate, A. M. Hunter, Wm. F. Bikle.
*Clerk*—F. D. Dunbora. *Treasurer*—S. R. Russel.
*Constables*—George W. Weikert, James Rouzer.
*School Directors*—Wm. Gunn, W. T. King, Hiram Warren, John F. McCreary, Jacob Aughinbaugh, A. M. Hunter. *Secretary*—John F. McCreary. *Treasurer*—E. G. Fahnestock.

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.

*President*—George Swope.
*Cashier*—J. Emory Bair.
*Teller*—Henry S. Benner.
*Directors*—George Swope, William Young, Henry Wirt, David Wills, David Kendlehart, Wm. McSherry, William D. Hines, Joshua Motter, Marcus Samson.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG.

*President*—George Arnone.
*Cashier*—George Arnold.
*Teller*—Samuel Bushman.
*Directors*—George Throne, David McConaughy, John Brough, John Horner, George Arnold, Jacob Musselman, John Wolford.

EVER GREEN CEMETERY.

*President*—J. L. Schick.
*Secretary*—William E. Meals.
*Treasurer*—Alexander Cobean.
*Managers*—John Rupp, J. L. Hill, Josiah Benner, George Spangler, George Little, William B. Meals, Alexander Cobean.

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

*President*—George Swope.
*Vice President*—Samuel R. Russell.
*Secretary*—David A. Buehler.
*Treasurer*—Edward G. Fahnestock.
*Executive Committee*—Robert McCurdy, Henry A. Picking, Jacob King.

ADAMS COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

*President*—Samuel Herbst.
*Vice Presidents*—William McSherry, J. S. Witherow.
*Corresponding Secretary*—Henry J. Stahle.
*Recording Secretary*—Edward G. Fahnestock.
*Treasurer*—David Wills.
*Managers*—William B. Wilson, William Wible, Jonas Sentzbaugh, Frederick Diehl, W. Ross White, Elisha Pearsoe, John H. McClellan.

BUILDING ASSOCIATION.

*President*—Edward G. Fahnestock.
*Vice President*—William A. Duncan
*Secretary*—John F. McCreary.
*Treasurer*—John Culp.
*Managers*—J. W. C. O'Neal, John Rupp, A. J. Cover, D. Kendlehart, Wm. F. Atkinson.

GAS COMPANY.

*President*—E. G. Fahnestock
*Secretary*—Wm. A. Duncan.
*Treasurer*—Joel B. Danner.
*Managers*—A. D. Buehler, M. Eichelberger, H. D Wattles, S. R. Russell, W. A. Duncan, J. B. Danner

WATER COMPANY.

*President*—George W. McClellan.
*Secretary and Treasurer*—Samuel R. Russell.
*Managers*—G. W. McClellan, E. B. Buehler, S. R. Russell, H. J. Stahle, M. Eichelberger.

GETTYSBURG RAILROAD.

*Superintendent*—Robert McCurdy.
*Secretary and Treasurer*—David Wills.

| | First. | Second. |
|---|---|---|
| Trains depart | 8.15 A. M. | 12.40 P. M. |
| " arrive | 12.25 P. M. | 4.30 P. M. |

The first train makes close connection for Harrisburg and Eastern and Western points, the second train with Baltimore.

ASSOCIATIONS.

*Gettys Lodge, No. 124, I. O. O. F.*—Meets corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, every Tuesday evening.
*Union Encampment, No. 126, I. O. O. F.*—In Odd Fellows' Hall, 1st and 3d Monday in each month.
*Good Samaritan Lodge, No. 356, A. Y. M.*—Corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, 2d and 4th Thursday in each month.
*Gen. Reynolds Lodge, No. 180, I. O. G. T.*—On Baltimore street, every Monday evening.
*Cumberland Valley, No. 31, I. O. R. M.*—In McConaughy's Hall, every Friday evening.
*Post No. 1, G. A. R.*—In Star and Sentinel Building, every Saturday evening.
*Adams Division No. 214 S. T.*—In Star and Sentinel Building, every Wednesday evening.

CHURCHES.

*Lutheran, (Christ's)*—Pastor, Rev. C. A. Hay, D. D.—Services by Professors of College and Seminary alternately, Sabbath morning and evening and Wednesday evening. During vacations, Sunday evening service omitted.
*Lutheran, (St. James')*—Rev. E. Breidenbaugh. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.
*Methodist Episcopal*—Revs. H. C. Cheston, J. B. Shaver. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Thursday evening.
*Presbyterian*—Rev. Wm. H. Hills. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.
*German Reformed*—Rev. W. H. H. Deatrich. Services Sabbath morning and evening, & Wednesday evening.
*Catholic*—Rev. Joseph Bolt. Services 1st, 3d and 5th Sabbaths, morning and afternoon.
*United Brethren*—Rev. J. Jamieson.—Service by special appointments.

### Professional Cards, &c.

J. M. KRAUTH, Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa. Collections and all legal business promptly attended to.
Office on Baltimore street, south of the Court-house. June 18, 1869.—tf

D. McCONAUGHY, Attorney at Law, office one door west of BUEHLER'S Drug store, Chambersburg street.
Special attention given to Suits, Collections and Settlement of Estates. All legal business, and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back-pay, and Damages against U. States, attended to promptly and efficiently attended to.
Land warrants located, and choice Farms for sale in Iowa and other Western States.
June 18, 1869.—tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other Business entrusted to his care.
☞Office, between Ahlone's and Danner and Ziegler's stores, directly opposite the Court-House.
May 29, 1867.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.
☞Office at his residence, in the rear of the new building opposite the Court House. [Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office at his residence on the South-east corner of Centre Square.
May 29, 1867.

DR. H. S. HUBER,
*S. E. Corner of Chambersburg and Washington street*
OPPOSITE COL. TATE'S EAGLE HOTEL.
June 11, 1869.—tf

DR. J. A. ARMSTRONG, Having located at NEW SALEM, will attend to all branches of his profession, and will be found at his office when not professionally engaged.
McKNIGHTSTOWN, P. O., Adams county, Pa. July 24, 1868.—t

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL Has his Office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the *Compiler* Office.
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

JOHN L. HILL, M. D., *DENTIST,*
Office in Chambersburg street, nearly opposite the Eagle Hotel,
GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.

DR. WM. STALLSMITH, *Dentist*, having located in Gettysburg, offers his services to the public. Office in York street, nearly opposite the Globe Inn, where he will be prepared to attend to any case within the province of the Dentist. Persons in want of full or partial sets of teeth are invited to call. Terms reasonable.
April 8, 1868.—tf

DR. C. W. BENSON HAS RESUMED the Practice of Medicine in LITTLESTOWN, and offers his services to the public. Office at his house, corner of Lombard street and Foundry alley, near the Railroad. Special attention to Skin Diseases. [Littlestown, Nov. 19, 1867

### Watches and Jewelry.

## REMOVAL!

The firm of SOFER & McCARTNEY have removed to North Baltimore street, next door to Spangler's Shoe Store. We have on hand a choice assortment of

## CLOCKS, WATCHES,

(Gold and Silver,)

## JEWELRY,

of all kinds and latest styles. Silver and Plated Ware also, fine Gold, Silver and Steel

SPECTACLES

of the best manufacture. Also, Violins, Guitars, Accordeons, Flutes, Fifes, &c., Violin and Guitar Strings Keys, &c.

*All kinds of Repairing on our line done as reasonable prices as elsewhere, and warranted.*

☞Thankful for past favors, we solicit a continuance of same.
June 17, 1868.—tf SOFER & McCARTNEY.

### Business Cards.

MANTUA-MAKING.
MRS. E. J. ZIEGLER
Is prepared to do every description of
Plain Sewing, Dress Making included.
Residence—East Middle st., one door from the Methodist Church, Gettysburg, Pa. [Feb. 5.—tf

JOHN W. TIPTON, FASHIONABLE BARBER, opposite the Eagle Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business of his line. He has also an excellent assistant and will insure satisfaction. Give him a call.
May 28, 1867.

GRANITE-YARD,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
*ON RAILROAD, NEAR FREIGHT DEPOT.*
PETER BEITLER
Is prepared to furnish GRANITE, for all kinds of BUILDING AND MONUMENTAL PURPOSES, at reasonable rates—
Curbing, Sills, Steps, Ashlers, Posts, Monuments, Cemetery Blocks, &c., &c.,
cut and finished in every style desired, by best of workmen.
☞Orders from a distance promptly attended to.
June 3.—tf

JEREMIAH CULP
*GETTYSBURG, PA.,*
Undertaker & Paper-Hanger,
Is prepared to furnish on short notice and reasonable terms
*COFFINS OF ALL STYLES.*
Hearse kept on hand. A large assortment of WALL PAPER, which he sells at lowest cash rates, and if desired will furnish hands to put it on the wall.
*PLAIN & FANCY SIGN PAINTING EXECUTED TO ORDER.*
☞Store-room a few doors east of Lutheran Church
May 27, 1868.—tf.

ROBERT D. ARMOR,
GAS FITTER, PLUMBER AND BELL HANGER,
*East Middle street, half a square from the Court-house,*
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
WILL promptly attend to all orders in his line. Work done in the most satisfactory manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded to make a living.

GAS PIPE
furnished, as well as Chandeliers, Brackets, Drop Lights &c.; also WATER PIPE, Stops, Top and Front Spigots, and, in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures.
Bells hung, and furnished if desired. Locks of all kinds repaired. [Dec. 25, 1867.—t

## FURNITURE.

D. C. SHEAFFER
PETERSBURG, (Y. S.,) PENNA.,
Is prepared to offer, to the Public, anything in his as cheap as can be had in the county.
☞Purchasers will do well to call and examine my stock before buying elsewhere.

FURNITURE
made to order. Repairing done neat cheap and with dispatch. Jan. 22, 1868.—tf

## NEW BUSINESS.

Upholstering & Trimming.
WILLIAM E. CULP
HAS opened an establishment opposite Weaver's Livery Stables, on Washington street, for
Covering Sofas, Chairs, Mattrasses, and Upholstering in all its branches.
He also continues his old business of Trimming Buggies, Carriages, &c., and solicits from the public their patronage. Charges moderate.
Gettysburg, Pa., Dec. 11.—tf

HOWE MACHINES!
THE LATEST IMPROVED & GENUINE *ELIAS HOWE, JR.,* SEWING MACHINES.
JACOB F. THOMAS,
*Agent for Adams County, Pa., Granite Hill, P. O., (Gulden's Station.)*
ORDERS will be promptly attended to. Machines delivered to all parts of the county and instructions given gratis.
☞The public are cautioned against parties who use the name of HOWE in connection with their machines on account of the popularity of the Howe Machines. There are none GENUINE unless they have imbedded in each machine a medallion having the likeness of ELIAS HOWE, Jr., on it, &c.
Feb. 26—tf

WHEAT WANTED.
The undersigned will pay the highest market price for
GOOD WHEAT,
delivered at his Mill, "Glenwood Mills," formerly McIlhenny's, in Highland township.
GEORGE GINGELL.
Dec. 16, 1868.—tf

Surveying--Conveyancing.
J. S. WITHEROW,
FAIRFIELD, PA.,
Tenders his services to the public as a
PRACTICAL SURVEYOR,
and is prepared to survey Farms, Lots, &c., on reasonable terms. Having taken out a Conveyancer's license, he will also attend to preparing
DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, WILLS, LEASES, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, CLERKING AT SALES, &c.
Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable.—Post Office address, Fairfield, Adams co., Pa.
Jan. 1, 1869.—tf

ICE CREAM SALOON.
JOHN GRUEL,
Chambersburg St., Gettysburg,
next door to Eagle Hotel,
Has always on hand a large assortment of all kinds of
CONFECTIONERY,
made of the best materials, with Fruits, Almonds, Raisins, Figs, Cakes, &c.
ICE CREAM
served to customers, and orders for Families or Parties promptly filled. Having special accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen, and determined to please he invites his friends to give him a call.
April 6.—tf

UNPATENTED LANDS.
SURVEYOR GENERAL'S OFFICE, Harrisburg, Pa., June 22nd, 1869.
*To the Owners of Unpatented Lands:*
In obedience to an Act of Assembly, approved the eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, you are hereby notified that the "County Land Line Docket," containing the list of unpatented lands for this county, prepared under the Act of Assembly of the twentieth of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and the supplement thereto, bearing this day been forwarded to the Prothonotary of the county, at whose office it may be examined. The lines can only be liquidated by the payment of the purchase money, interest and fees, and receiving patents through this Department. Proceedings by the Attorney General have been and will be had for any year from this date, in order that parties may obtain their patents without additional cost.
JACOB M. CAMPBELL, Surveyor General.
June 25, 1869.—tm

### Business Cards.

ALEX. J. TATE'S
RESTAURANT,
*Chambersburg street, next door to the "Keystone Hotel."*
ALE, LAGER, POP,
*OF THE BEST.*
Also, Oysters, Tripe, Turtle-Soup, Cheese, Eggs, and everything usually found in a first-class Restaurant.
☞GIVE US A CALL.☜
June 4, 1869.—tf

BLACKSMITHING.
B. G. HOLLEBAUGH
HAS opened a Blacksmith Shop on Washington street, next door to Chritzman's Carpenter Shop, and is prepared to do all kinds of BLACKSMITHING, at reasonable rates, and invites a share of public patronage.
REPAIRING of all kinds. Give me a call.
April 30, 1869—tf

GETTYSBURG BAKERY.
THE firm of Newport & Ziegler having been dissolved, the undersigned will continue the Baking business, in all its branches, at the old stand,
*Corner of South Washington and West Middle streets, Gettysburg, Pa.*
All kinds of
CRACKERS, CAKES, BREAD, ROLLS, PRETZELS, &c.
constantly baked and always to be had fresh.
With many years experience and every disposition to please, he feels that he can promise satisfaction in all cases. Orders solicited, and promptly attended to. With many thanks for the patronage bestowed on the old firm, its continuance is asked.
BALTZER NEWPORT.
April 9, 1869—tf

1869. SPRING MILLINERY. 1869.
RESPECTFULLY invites an early inspection of my new stock of
BONNETS & HATS,
Ribbons, Silks, Crapes, Malines, Nets, Blonds, Laces,
FRENCH FLOWERS,
Frames, Gimp and Straw Trimmings. Also,
FANCY GOODS
of every description and the latest styles, all of which I will sell at the lowest cash prices.
April 9.—3m HARRIET McCREARY.

A SERVANT FOR ALL.
*Roth's Improvement for Opening, Closing and Latching Gates,*
MAY be attached to any gate and operated from a buggy, team or saddle, by one hand, in any desired direction from the gate—opened and closed from one point, at any distance from the gate. This improvement is simple and cheap, yet perfect and strong, will not be disarranged by the sagging of the gate, nor by the gate taking the posts; may be made at a country blacksmith's, and easily attached to a gate. The undersigned, having the Right for Adams county, will sell Township and Farm Rights of this Improvement.
Also, ROTH & SHANE'S AMERICAN LEVER GATE—which will be found valuable and convenient to all who have gates to drive through—as they remain by their team, open, close and latch a gate, without the necessity of getting in the wet or mud.
For further information, &c., address
ISRAEL BRICKER, Menallen P. O., Adams co., Pa.
May 13.—tf

Carriages, Harness, &c.
DAVID McCREARY. JOHN E. McCREARY
"Best always Cheapest."
THE Best and Cheapest,
*SADDLES, BRIDLES, COLLARS and HARNESS of all kinds, in the County*
are always to be found at the old and well known stand, Baltimore st., opposite the Presbyterian Church
(McCREARY'S.)
Our Riding and Wagon Saddles,
Our Bridles, Whips, Lashes, Draft Harness, Fly-nets and everything in the line; None *better or cheaper.*
Our prices have been reduced to the lowest living standard.
A liberal percentage for cash, off all bills amounting to $5 or more.
We work nothing but the best of stock and will warrant every article turned out to be in every respect as represented.
Thankful for past favors we invite attention to our present stock.
Call and see us, and be convinced.
D. McCREARY & SON.

CARRIAGE-MAKING RESUMED.
The war being over, the undersigned have resumed the
CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS,
at their old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable and substantial manner, and of a lot of new and second hand
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &c.,
on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices, and all work will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.
☞REPAIRING☜
done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.
A large lot of new model HARNESS on hand for sale.
Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share of the future.
DANNER & ZIEGLER.

Buggies and Carriages.
REMOVAL.
THE undersigned has removed his Carriage-making shop to the east end of Middle street, Gettysburg, Pa., where he will continue to build all kinds of work, on his usual terms.
*CARRIAGES, TROTTING SPLASHING-TOP BUGGIES, JAGGER WAGONS, &C., &C.*
His work is all put up of good material and by the best of mechanics, and cannot fail to give satisfaction. His prices are reasonable. He solicits orders, confident that he can please.
REPAIRING promptly done, at moderate rates.
W. R. GALLAGHER.
July 1, 1868.—ly

CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES.
PERRY J. TATE
is now building a variety of COACH WORK of the latest and most approved styles. And constantly on hand a full assortment of the best material, to which he invites the attention of buyers. Having built his work with great care and of materials selected with special reference to beauty of style and durability, he can confidently recommend the work as turned out by any other in point of the article. All he asks is an inspection of his work, to convince those in want of any kind of a vehicle that this is the place to buy them.
☞REPAIRING in every branch done at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Give us a call at my Factory, near the corner of Washington and Chambersburg streets, Gettysburg, Pa.
June 12, 1867.—tf

NEW HARNESS SHOP.
JOHN CULP
INFORMS his friends and the public generally that he has resumed the Harness-making business, and opened a shop on the back street, (Carlisle,) adjoining the Passenger depot, where he will manufacture and keep on hand all kinds of
HARNESS,
COLLARS, WHIPS, FLY-NETS, &c., &c
which will be sold at the lowest cash prices. Also,
TRUNKS of all kinds.
☞Repairing done with neatness and dispatch.
Having been working at the business for 30 years, I can guarantee the best kind of work, all being made under my own superintendence.
May 7, 1869.—tf JOHN CULP.

Life and Fire Insurance.
HOME INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NEW YORK.
CASH CAPITAL—TWO MILLION DOLLARS.
*Assets Jan. 1, 1869*.....$3,966 282 30.
J. R. WASHBURN, Secretary. CHAS. J. MARTIN, President.
GEO. M. LYON, Ass't Secretary. A. F. WILLMARTH, Vice President.
T. B. GREENE, 2d Ass't Secretary. D. A. HEALD, 2d Vice President.
H. A. PICKING, Agent,
*West Middle Street, Gettysburg, Pa.*
April 30, 1869.—3m

INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA,
*NO. 232 WALNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA.*
INCORPORATED 1794. CHARTER PERPETUAL.
MARINE, INLAND & FIRE INSURANCE.
Issues Limited or Perpetual Policies.
*Assets Jan. 1st, 1869*.....$2,348 723 39;
$20,000,000 LOSSES PAID IN CASH, SINCE ITS ORGANIZATION.
ARTHUR G. COFFIN, President. CHARLES PLATT, Vice President.
MATHIAS NORRIS, Secretary.
H. A. PICKING, Agent,
*Office in West Middle Street, Gettysburg, Pa.*
April 30, 1869.—3m

ADAMS COUNTY
MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
INCORPORATED, MARCH 18, 1851.
OFFICERS.
President—George Swope.
Vice-President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King.
Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, S. R. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; Frederick Diehl, Franklin; H. A. Picking, Straban; Abdiel F. Gitt, New Oxford; Wm. Ross White, Liberty; H. C. Peters, Petersburg (Y. S.)
☞The Company is limited to its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 17 years, and in that period has made but one assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to over $16,000. Any person desiring an insurance can apply to either of the managers.
☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of Company, on the last Wednesday in every month at 2 o'clock, P. M. [June 10, 1868.

Livery Stables.
GETTYSBURG LIVERY, Sales & Exchange Stables.
N. WEAVER & SON, *Proprietors,*
HAVING this day associated with me my son LEVI in the Livery Business, carried on by me on Washington street for a number of years, I would respectfully return my thanks to those who have so liberally patronized me heretofore, and to me
Having now superior accommodations to supply the public, we would solicit a continuation of their patronage.
We claim that we can furnish superior teams at as moderate prices as any other establishment in Gettysburg.
Our stables will be found stocked with the best of Horses and Vehicles.
We can furnish you a fine Hack team with careful and obliging drivers for long or short drive. We can furnish you a pair of Horses and Buggy.
We can furnish you a nice single Horse and Buggy for business or pleasure trip.
We can furnish you a fine Saddle Horse for Gentleman or Lady.
We can furnish you a Family Horse and Carriage.
We can furnish superior facilities for visiting the battle-field and Springs.
Particular attention paid to supplying Hacks for Funerals.
In fact, you can get any kind of a team to be had in a first-class Livery.
HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD
at all times and on reasonable terms. Persons buying Horses at this establishment have a good collection to select from. All Horses sold guaranteed as represented, or no sale.
By strict attention to business, with a desire to please, we hope to have something to do.
NICHOLAS WEAVER, LEVI F. WEAVER.
April 9, 1869.—tf

THE EAGLE LIVERY,
SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.
*Washington Street, Gettysburg, Pa.*
ADJOINING THE EAGLE HOTEL.
THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has erected a new LIVERY, SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLE in this place, and is prepared to offer superior accommodations in this line. He has provided himself with Buggies, Carriages, Hacks, Light Wagons, &c., of the latest styles, sufficient to meet the public demand. His horses are all good, without spot or blemish, and perfectly reliable—none of your "old cripples," but all of the "20.00" order.
Riding parties can always be accommodated and comfortable equipments furnished.
Parties, large or small, can get just what they want on the most accommodating terms.
Visitors to the Battle-field politely attended to and reliable drivers furnished if desired.
Parties conveyed to and from the Depot upon the arrival and departure of every train.
Horses bought, sold, or exchanged, and always a chance for bargains given. Our motto is "fair play and no favors."
☞Particular attention paid to furnishing Hacks and Hacks for Funerals.
☞We flatter ourselves that by charging moderately and by furnishing superior accommodations, we cannot fail to please every one who patronizes our establishment. T. T. TAVE.
May 29, 1867.—

Notice to the Public!
THE undersigned is running a Line of Stages from Hagerstown to Gettysburg, leaving former place on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 o'clock, A. M., passing by Leitersburg, Waynesboro', Monterey and Clermont Springs, Fountain Dale and Fairfield, arriving at Gettysburg at 5 o'clock P. M. Leave Gettysburg on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, arriving at Hagerstown to make connection with the 6 o'clock train for Baltimore.
J May 21.—tf ANN A WASHEN.

Coal, Lumber, Lime, &c.
GETTYSBURG LIME KILNS.
THE undersigned has bought out his former part ner, WM. GUNN, and now continues
himself at the Gettysburg Lime Kilns; on the corner of the Railroad and North Stratton street. Thankful for past patronage, he will endeavor to deserve its continuance, by prosecuting the business as vigorously and on as large a scale as possible—always selling a good article and giving good measure. Farmers and others may look for the prompt filling of orders.
He also continues the
COAL BUSINESS,
offering the most popular kinds. Houses, stores and others should give him a call. Blacksmith Coal on stand by the hand.
Lime and Coal delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.
Gettysburg, Nov. 30, 1867] JACOB REILEY

Hardware, Cutlery, &c.
HARDWARE AND GROCERIES.
THE subscribers have just returned from the city with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices cheaper than the cheapest. Our stock consists in part of
Carpenter's Tools;
Blacksmith's Tools;
Cabinet Maker's Tools;
Coach Makers' Findings;
Gun Findings;
Painters' and Tinners' Stock;
Oils, Paints and Glass;
All kinds of Iron and Steel.
SPECIFICATION OF PRICES:
Nails, 10 cents per pound;
Horse Shoes, 10 cents per pound;
Mule Shoes, 10 cents per pound;
Shoe Iron, 10 cents per pound;
Spring Steel, 10 cents per pound;
Iron, 5 cents per pound;
Axes, $1.00 each;
Hatchets, 50 cents each;
Hammers, 50 cents each;
Shovels, $1.00 each;
Spades, $1.00 each;
Manure Forks, $1.00 each;
Hay Forks, $1.00 each;
Grain Cradles, $3.00 each;
Scythes, $1.00 each;
Scythe Snaths, 50 cents each;
Rakes, 50 cents each;
Sickles, 50 cents each;
Files, 5 cents each;
Rasps, 5 cents each;
Horse Rasps, 10 cents each;
Horse Brushes, 10 cents each;
Horse Combs, 10 cents each;
Curry Combs, 10 cents each;
Hoes, 50 cents each;
Trowels, 50 cents each;
Plasterers' Hawks, 50 cents each;
Plasterers' Hair, 5 cents per pound;
Lime, 5 cents per bushel;
Cement, 5 cents per pound;
Plaster, 5 cents per bushel;
Window Glass, 5 cents per light;
Putty, 5 cents per pound;
Sugar, 10 cents per pound;
Coffee, 10 cents per pound;
Molasses, 10 cents per pound;
Syrup, 10 cents per pound;
Rice, 10 cents per pound;
Soap, 10 cents per pound;
Candles, 10 cents per pound;
Tobacco, 10 cents per pound;
Segars, 10 cents per pound;
Snuff, 10 cents per pound;
Pepper, 10 cents per pound;
Spices, 10 cents per pound;
Saleratus, 10 cents per pound;
Cream Tartar, 10 cents per pound;
Soda, 10 cents per pound;
Starch, 10 cents per pound;
Indigo, 10 cents per pound;
Madder, 10 cents per pound;
Copperas, 10 cents per pound;
Alum, 10 cents per pound;
Glue, 10 cents per pound;
Shot, 10 cents per pound;
Powder, 10 cents per pound;
Lead, 10 cents per pound;
Fish, 10 cents per pound;
Oil, 10 cents per pound;
Vinegar, 10 cents per pound;
Nails, 10 cents per pound;
Horse Shoes, 10 cents per pound;
Mule Shoes, 10 cents per pound;
Shoe Iron, 10 cents per pound;
Spring Steel, 10 cents per pound;
Iron, 5 cents per pound;
Axes, $1.00 each;
Hatchets, 50 cents each;
Hammers, 50 cents each;
Shovels, $1.00 each;
Spades, $1.00 each;
Manure Forks, $1.00 each;
Hay Forks, $1.00 each;
Grain Cradles, $3.00 each;
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Files, 5 cents each;
Rasps, 5 cents each;
Horse Rasps, 10 cents each;
Horse Brushes, 10 cents each;
Horse Combs, 10 cents each;
Curry Combs, 10 cents each;
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Plasterers' Hawks, 50 cents each;
Plasterers' Hair, 5 cents per pound;
Lime, 5 cents per bushel;
Cement, 5 cents per pound;
Plaster, 5 cents per bushel;
Window Glass, 5 cents per light;
Putty, 5 cents per pound;
Sugar, 10 cents per pound;
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Syrup, 10 cents per pound;
Rice, 10 cents per pound;
Soap, 10 cents per pound;
Candles, 10 cents per pound;
Tobacco, 10 cents per pound;
Segars, 10 cents per pound;
Snuff, 10 cents per pound;
Pepper, 10 cents per pound;
Spices, 10 cents per pound;
Saleratus, 10 cents per pound;
Cream Tartar, 10 cents per pound;
Soda, 10 cents per pound;
Starch, 10 cents per pound;
Indigo, 10 cents per pound;
Mad

# The Star & Sentinel,

Friday, July 30, 1869.


Advertisers and those interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 11,000 persons.

STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR
GEN. JOHN W. GEARY.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT
HON. HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

## MEETING OF COUNTY COMMITTEE.

The Republican County Committee will meet at the Eagle Hotel, in Gettysburg, *on Saturday, the 31st of July*, at 1 o'clock, P. M. A full attendance is requested.

EDWARD McPHERSON,
*Chairman.*

The following persons constitute the Committee:

Gettysburg—Hon. Edward McPherson, Dr. C. Horner, D. McConaughy, David Wills, R. G. Fahnestock, D. A. Buehler, Capt. J. F. McCleary.
Berwick Bor. Henry Kohler, Dr. Geo. H. Lordy.
Berwick tp. J. Geo. Wolf, Geo. Baker.
Butler W. H. Detrich, Israel Shank.
Conewago Michael Sadly, Vincent O'Neil.
Cumberland Wm. G. Black, David Shriver.
Franklin Capt. Jas. Mickley, J. A. Robert.
Freedom Samuel Morita, John Cunningham.
Germany Jacob Yealy, Jacob Pitzer.
Hamilton Edw. Meisenhelder, Jacob Reaser.
Huntington Geo. W. W. Stewart, Jos. Wierman.
Highland Jos. J. Karr, Washington Lott.
Hamiltonban Capt. E. McGinley, R. W. Harbaugh.
Liberty Wm. C. Seabrooks, Samuel Martin.
Littlestown Ephraim Myers, Wm. F. Crouse.
Latimore Isaac D. Worley, Geo. L. Deardorff.
Menallen Samuel Meals, Wm. R. Carr.
Mountjoy Newton Horner, L. N. Durborow.
Mountpleasant J. A. C. Riddlach, Jos. A. Eckenrode.
Oxford Alex. S. Himes, Phil Hirsh.
Reading Jno. Brough, Samuel Overholtzer,
Straban Mej. Robert Bell, Eden Norris.
Tyrone Henry Spangler, Charles Yeatz.
Union Jno. H. Felty, Geo. Bashore.

At their late State Convention the Democracy of Pennsylvania was put up at auction to the colossal railway corporations of the country. The New York combination bid highest and got the concern. Asa Packer might do for Governor of New York, but not for Pennsylvania.

The Pottsville *Miners' Journal* says the Democracy of Schuylkill and Berks are grievously disappointed.—They wanted Hancock, and Packer's nomination falls like a wet blanket on them. The Reading *Gazette* (Democrat) predicted defeat if Hancock should not be nominated. "Coming events cast their shadows before."

The thieves and pick-pockets who went to Harrisburg last week to manipulate the Democratic State Convention couldn't refrain from plying their trade at the expense even of their own political friends. Senator Buckalew, President of the Convention, was relieved of his wallet and about $200.—Other delegates also fared badly.

M. A. Foltz, Esq., of Chambersburg, has commenced the publication of a new paper in that place, under the title of "*Public Opinion.*" It will be an advocate of advanced Republican principles. The first No. is before us—a neatly printed, sprightly sheet, which gives promise of editorial ability. We cordially welcome it to our table.

The proposition to invite the Generals who fought the Battle of Gettysburg, to visit Gettysburg in August, to aid the Battle-field Memorial Association in its purpose of erecting memorials to indicate important points, meets with general approval from the press. The New York *Tribune* and Philadelphia *Press* cordially endorse the project, and also approve the idea of extending invitations to the Rebel Generals, as in no wise objectionable and calculated to ensure greater accuracy in fixing the memorials.

The New York *Herald*, so frequently quoted as good authority by the Copperhead press, thus curtly disposes of the doings of the Democratic State Convention last week:

"The Democrats in Pennsylvania have nominated Asa Packer as their candidate for Governor. Asa Packer would make a good Governor, but the convention that nominated him have hung a bob to that kite which will swamp him. They have pronounced against negro suffrage, a principle the Conservatives of Virginia accepted as a positive fact, and by the help of that vote not only elected their candidate for Governor, but gave a deathsting to the carpet-baggers and scalawags. The Pennsylvania Democracy in smouldering Hester Clymer, their old candidate, have only presented a new victim to be placed upon the political scaffold for the Geary daws to peck at."

The Walker organs in Virginia, both Democratic and Republican, don't like the Copperhead jubilations over their recent victory, and indignantly protest against any affiliation with the nondescript party in the North calling itself "Democratic." Even the Richmond *Enquirer*, for more than half a century the leader and dictator of the old Democratic party, pronounces that party a dead and rotten organization, which no resurrectionary process can bring to life. In its issue of Friday last the *Enquirer* says:

"The Democratic papers at the North have committed a very grave error in ascribing this great victory to the Virginia Democracy. *There has been no such party, in this State for eight years, and its very bones have rotted, and now crumble at the touch. No resurrectionary process could bring that party to life, and its ashes lie mingled with, and undistinguished from, that of the old Whig party.*"

The same rowdies who recently ran the Democratic nominating Conventions in Philadelphia, were on hand at Harrisburg on the 14th inst., with pistol, bludgeon and knife, giving their attention to the State Convention, much to the disgust of Frank Hughes, Ex-Senator Buckalew, and other lights of the party. Even Coffee-pot Wallace thought his Philadelphia friends were piling on the agony too strongly. The Democracy, in courting the shoulder-hitters and bruisers that infest the dens of vice in our large cities, have set up a class of "sovereigns" who now claim to rule the party. They did it effectually in Philadelphia, and so boldly and shamelessly that many of the best Democrats refuse to support the ticket. The *Mercury*, a straight out Democratic paper, bitter in its hatred of Republican principles, and never before expressing any dissatisfaction with the action of its party, bolts the present nominations, remarking that the Conventions were "discreditable in all respects, composed of the worst possible material, of which it would be an insult and a lie to say that they represented the mass of the Philadelphia Democracy." And the ticket corresponds thereto in every particular.—Says the *Mercury*:

"Such persistent and audacious violation of every principle of party policy and public decency shall no longer receive toleration. The fact of a great and once glorious party, with great principles at stake, *being not only ruled but ruined by dorite to American shame*, is enough to make every respectable citizen sick even of the name of Democracy."

## ENGLISH POLITICS.

The impending political crisis in Great Britain, growing out of the struggle between the House of Commons and the House of Lords on the question of Disestablishment and Disendowment of the Irish Church, has awakened inquiry as to the anomalous position which the House of Lords occupies in the British political system. Most American readers doubtless have assigned to the House of Lords a position somewhat analogous to that of our own Senate, and few can understand why the former should not be privileged freely to express its views on current legislation or interpose to defeat what it may regard injudicious legislation as against the House of Commons, just as our American Senate frequently does—or why adverse action by the Lords should create so much sensitiveness on the part of the English people. And yet there is little or no analogy between our Senate and the House of Lords, either in their constitution or political powers. The United States Senate is a representative Legislative body expressly created by our Constitution as such, and assigned equal legislative power with the House. The tenure of its membership is fixed, and it differs from the House in the tenure and the constituency represented only in so far as they were designed to secure a legislative branch of the Government more removed from popular excitement, and hence more conservative, than the House of Representatives. Hence the defeat of a bill, by reason of disagreement between the U. S. Senate and the House of Representatives, is but the legitimate result of our political system, and is so recognized and acquiesced in by our people.

Not so with the British House of Lords. It is an anomaly—and a monstrous anomaly—unrecognized in any other political system throughout the world. It has grown up out of the feudalism of English society—a memorial of the long since discarded past—and permitted to exist to-day, simply because of the aversion of the English people to radical changes in their political system. The House of Lords is not a representative body, and in no sense reflects the will of the nation.—The English Peer is elected by nobody, is responsible to nobody, and controlled by nobody. In many cases he holds his seat simply because a century or two ago some ancestor was fortunate enough to secure the favor of the reigning sovereign and with it letters patent elevating him to the Peerage with hereditray succession. The ancestor may have been a man of parts or have rendered the State some service—the sitting Peer may be a brainless fool, an idiot, or a villain, and yet there is no power to unseat him. The Peer of to-day may hold his right to a seat in the House of Lords simply because his father, grand-father, or other ancester, was a successful marauder, or because he is descended from some frail woman who pleased a dissolute King. There are to-day in the House of Lords, men who would not be allowed to sit a day in either our Senate or House, and yet there is no power to unseat them. The sovereign may to-day elevate to the Peerage some statesman or soldier distinguished for civil or military services. The son who will succeed him to-morrow, may be a fool or felon.—The present Duke of Wellington—brainless, worthless, vicious as he is—sits in the seat of his illustrious father who sustained the honor of English arms at Waterloo. Besides all this, the English Peers are mostly land proprietors of immense wealth, literally owning boroughs and villages, and many of them thus control the representation in the House of Commons.—It is no uncommon thing for a Peer to have his sons, brothers, and other relatives, in the House as representatives of the constituences thus controlled by the Peer, who will not dare to have a political opinion adverse to the power that gives them position.

That the British people should be extremely sensitive at the attempt of a body thus constituted to thwart legislation and impede Reforms demanded by the nation, is not strange. The wonder is rather that they tolerate the existence of such anomaly in their political system.‡ While in theory the Lords are invested with legislative powers; in fact, they have seldom dared to go further than recommended or suggest modifications of pending legislation, regarding their legitimate rights exhausted with such well considered advice. Such was the theory of the Duke of Wellington, iron-nerved as he was, who never dared to put the Lords in antagonism to the Commons, and always gracefully yielded to the deliberately expressed will of the latter.—What Englishmen would illy receive at the hands of their sovereign—the interposition of a veto on the legislation of the Commons—they will not brook at all from the House of Lords.

Hence the perilous nature of the issue which the Peers, under the lead of D'Israeli and Derby, seem disposed to make with the English nation, by adverse action on Gladstone's Disestablishment Bill. It is not simply because the principles of Gladstone's bill are approved by the nation, that the action of the Lords is so bitterly denounced. But the Commons have spoken, and the English people have a traditionary policy of standing by the Commons in all its contests with Aristocracy and Royalty. And when the prerogatives of the Commons, as the governing power in the Kingdom, are assailed by the Lords—a body distasteful to the nation in all its features, and simply tolerated because of indisposition to change—the liberties of the nation are deemed to be in peril. Should the Lords be imprudent enough to force the threatened issue, it is not difficult to foresee the consequences. We still believe, however, that they will adopt the tactics of Wellington, and in the end yield if not a graceful at least a sullen acquiescence.

The *Habeas Corpus* case before Chief Justice Chase, growing out of the trial now in progress in Mississippi, by a Military Commission, of Yerger for the murder of Col. Crane, has been continued by consent of parties until the meeting of the Supreme Court in October. As the questions involved are of great importance in their bearing on the Re-construction acts, it was deemed desirable by all parties that they should be adjudicated by a full bench. The Military Commission will continue the trial of Yerger meantime, and any sentence that may be imposed will be suspended by the President until a final decision of the *habeas corpus* case. One of the questions involved is the right of a Military Commission to try criminal offences in the unreconstructed States. Attorney General Hoar maintains that in so far as concerns these States, the military power holds until full restoration is accomplished by act of Congress, while counsel for Yerger maintain *per contra* that with the cessation of actual armed Rebellion all offenses not strictly within Military authority, must be remitted to the Criminal Courts.

We annex the Resolutions adopted by the Copperhead State Convention. They are nine in number, most of them unmeaning platitudes. The 2d and 3d take ground against Manhood Suffrage, although their political brethren in Virginia have just been endorsing negro suffrage and electing negroes to office. The 6th arraigns the Re-construction measures of Congress, which have been over and over endorsed by the American people. The Democracy of Ohio and Virginia seem disposed to learn something from the lessons of the past. In Ohio they have put up for Governor a loyal soldier, one of Lincoln's "satraps," who regarded Vallandigham a traitor, and helped to put him through; while down in Virginia they go it strong for universal suffrage. Our Pennsylvania Copperheads, however, retain their anti-deluvian notions and don't seem to recognize the fact that the world is moving. We miss one plank from the platform, probably forgotten in the fierce contest for the Gubernatorial nomination. As Brick Pomeroy helped to run the Convention in the interest of Packer, he might be intrusted with the duty of added the missing plank, and resolve that Rebellion is *not* a crime, and that Jeff. Davis and Jubal Early are better men than Gen. Grant and Phil. Sheridan. That the Convention forgot it, is very evident; and as the platform is Copperish throughout, a little more would not hurt it. We give the Resolutions as officially announced:

First. That the Federal Government is limited to the grants contained in the Federal Constutitional, that the exercise of doubtful constitutional powers is dangerous to the stability of the Government and to the safety of the people, and the Democratic party will never consent that the State of Pennsylvania shall surrender her great right of local self-government.

Second. That the attempted ratification of the proposed 15th amendment to the Federal Constitution by the Radical members of the last Legislature, and their refusal to submit the same to a vote of the people, was a deliberate breach of their official duty and an outrage upon every citizen of the State, and the resolution making such ratification should be promptly repealed, and the amendments submitted to the people at the polls for acceptance or rejection.

Third. That the Democratic party of Pennsylvania is opposed to conferring upon the negro the right to vote, and we do emphatically deny that there is any right or power in Congress, or elsewhere, to impose negro suffrage upon the people of this State in opposition to their will.

Fourth. That reform in the administration of the Federal and State Government in the management of their financial affairs is imperatively demanded.

Fifth. That the movements now being made for the amelioration of the condition of the laboring men have our most cordial co operation.

Sixth. That the legislation of the late Republican Congress outside of the constitution, the disregard of the majority therein of the will of the people and sanctity of the ballot-box in the disfranchisement from their seats in Congress of Representatives clearly elected, the establishment of military governments in States in the Union, and the overthrow of all civil governments therein, are acts of tyranny and usurpation that tend directly to the destruction of all republican government, and the creation of the worst forms of despotism.

Seventh. That our soldiers and sailors who carried the flag of our country to victory must be gratefully remembered, and all the guarantees given in their favor most faithfully carried into execution.

Eighth. Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native born citizens, at home and abroad; the assertion of American nationality, which shall command the respect of foreign powers and furnish an example of encouragement to people struggling for national integrity, constitutional liberty and individual rights.

Ninth. That the present internal revenue and taxing system of the general Government is grossly unjust, and means ought to be at once adopted to cause a modification thereof.

The official returns of the Virginia election reduce Walker's majority to about 18,200.

Unnatural Deaths.—They do some things better in Great Britain than we do here, and one of the things in which they excel is the thoroughness and accuracy of the vital statistics. One of the recent returns of the Registrar General, who has the charge of collecting and systematizing these statistics, gives the figures for five years, extending from 1863 to 1865 inclusive, of all the "violent or unnatural deaths," under which definition he includes all not resulting from disease or old age, which have occurred in the United Kingdom. During that period there were no fewer than 83,853 "unnatural deaths," of which, as would be expected from the greater exposure of men to causes of peril, 62,708 were those of males. Six hundred and twenty-one of these deaths were due directly to intoxication; though this, of course, is but a portion of the total number of lives sacrificed through strong drink. Railways are debited with 4,175 violent deaths, which shows that even in careful England the locomotive and the rail does its work of slaughter. The mine, however, leads the ghastly march in the number of its victims. Five thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight miners have perished by explosions, inundations, falling in of the mines, etc. The most curious, and perhaps also the most revolting, revelations of these statistics is the enormous proportion of what might be termed child-murders, through the carelessness of the parents or protectors. Out of the number of 83,853 violent deaths, no fewer than 19,510 happened to children under five years of age. This is nearly one-fourth of the total, and the Registrar General writes down that 3,938 of these infants were burnt to death, 3,267 scalded to death, 1,950 drowned, and 5,134 suffocated. Under the head of "mechanical injuries," such as fractures, falls, &c., the Registrar General returns 28,114 deaths; under that of "chemical injuries," such as burns, scalds, and poisoning, 14,942; by drowning, suffocation, or other forms of asphyxia, 28,838; and 6,896 by miscellaneous and untabulated violence or mischance. Suicide adds 6,699 to the list, and of this total nearly five thousand were males. Between the ages of fifteen and twenty, however, more girls than boys committed suicide, the figures being 165 females to 130 males between those ages. Above those ages the proportion runs entirely against the males, until between the ages of forty-five and fifty-five but 382 females committed suicide against 1,135 males. During the five years seventy-one convicts, including three women, came to an unnatural and violent death" by hanging. The death-roll contains curiosities of dissolution of which the following are examples: "Two persons, one very old and one very young, were killed by game cocks; one person from artificial teeth; others from swallowing a fishbone, swallowing a plum-stone, or from the sting of a bee; children from swallowing a pin, a needle, a halfpenny, a nutshell, a hook; one died from the sting of a wasp, one from the bite of a donkey, and one from fright in a storm."

Another Cable.—Another Atlantic Cable is being laid down by French capitalists, connecting France with the United States. It has been successfully laid between Brest, on the cost of France, and St. Pierre, off New Foundland, the signals being perfect. From St. Peirre it will be continued to Duxburry, near Plymouth, Massachusetts. The French cable is 3,047 miles long, one third more than the British cable. The distance from Brest to St. Pierre is 2,325 miles, from thence to Duxburry 722 miles.

Powdered gum tragacanth dissolved in the whites of eggs and applied with a soft brush to window glass, makes a very good imitation of ground glass, and is impervious to external eye-sight and glaring sunlight.

## FLOOR IN THE WEST.

[☞We have before us a letter from the Far West, written by W. A. Heiner to his father, Capt. John Heiner, of Mountjoy township. Although a private letter not intended for publication, its racy incident it describes cannot fail to interest formerly residents of this county, with numerous acquaintances here, we take the liberty of making a few extracts.]

Chapman's Creek, Kansas, July 6, 1869.

I see by the papers that you had a great flood in your section, but we have just had one which exceeds anything I have known in Adams county or elsewhere. We had been working on our dam for some time, and finished it, or rather thought it safe on the evening of the 24th ult. There had been several heavy rains up the creek during the previous 48 hours, and we looked for a considerable sight that night and next day.—The dam filled up and we ran the mill until 11 o'clock at night. At that hour there were about two feet of water below the mill. At day-break pistol shots were heard in the direction of the mill, fired by two customers sleeping there. We ran out and the water was then 3 feet deep around the Mill. In ten minutes from that time it came in a mighty wave, sweeping the whole Prairie from Bluff to Bluff. It was heart-rending in the extreme to see and hear the screams of Mrs. Bumbaugh and her large family of small children. Her husband, eldest son and all the other men, except S. R. Bostick and myself, were at Clark's Creek harvesting. Sam and I tried to keep them cool, and have them believe the danger was not so great; but I soon found there was nothing to save us but to reach the highest point of the roof, and I immediately pulled the stove pipe down and broke a hole through to the roof. The water was then over the beds, and Sam handed the children and their mother up to me, and by the time Bostick got up the water was almost there too. By that time the house swung round, and then we went crashing through amongst the tree-tops; for that was all that was visible above water, except drift of all kinds and the fragments of our house, which had been crushed into thousands of pieces by that time. Our frail bark now consisted of nothing but the light roof, and it getting smaller and beautifully less every time we struck a tree-top. It bore nine human beings. We soon struck a large tree, which broke our frail craft in twain, and separated the party. Mr. Bostick, (who you know is a perfect waterman,) knew that I could not swim, and told me that I should if possible get into a tree and save myself, for I could be of no assistance to the rest. In a very short time we struck the body of a tall cotton-wood, and I made a desperate leap into the forks of it. I was then apparently out of danger unless the tree should wash or blow over. I then had time to look around and see what was going on. The water was then within 18 inches of its full height. I don't think from the time I first saw the water that morning until I got into the tree, was more than 30 minutes, and the water rose not less than 15 feet in that time. I was then a half mile below the mill. I remained there until six P. M., when a small boat arrived from Junction City, (12 miles,) and landed me at the military crossling. The balance of the party floated down until they struck the timber below the crossing, and one piece with three children on it lodged, who were soon saved by parties going to them on temporary rafts. The balance got further down into the rapids and were all thrown into the water—Mrs. B. her eldest daughter and two youngest, children and S. R. Bostick. The latter, after making some hair breadth escapes and being washed over the rapids several times, succeeded in tying the youngest child to a tree with a part of his clothing until he could do something for the rest, but Jennie, aged 17, and her brother, 4 years of age, went under. Their mother clung to a small sapling for hours until the 2nd boat arrived, the first not being able to weather the storm. There were eleven persons in all drowned in this creek alone, and any amount of stock of all kinds. The water was up within four feet of the comb of the roof of our mill; yet it seems to stand as firm as ever. Every stitch of clothing (except what was on me, and that was not much,) papers, books, &c., were swept clean; but my trunks were both picked up afterwards. One lay four and the other five days in the water and mud, soaking; the large one was open and all my best clothing gone. I have secured my deeds and important documents. Although they look as if they had gone through the "Pennsylvania Coffee Mill," they are as good as ever. Brother's trunk and most of his outfit were here. I don't think he found anything but his great coat. Brother was away cutting his fall wheat at that time. The creek was from 35 to 40 feet deep in the channel, and it varied from three quarters to three miles in width. Of course there has been great injury to growing crops and vegetation of all kinds.

I am now making my home at Mr. Geo. Snyder's. They have been very kind indeed to me and every body else since the flood. Mr. Snyder threw open his store that day and gave all the rope, tools, &c., that he had to save the lives of those who were in danger, while Mrs. Snyder and her daughter went to work with their sleeves rolled up, preparing provisions and hot coffee to feed all who might come along hungry. They fed about 50 persons that day. I will write soon again. W. A. H.

Emigration.—The number of emigrants to this country, as shown by the report of the Deputy Commissioner of the Revenue in charge of the Bureau of Statistics just sent to press, for the quarter ending March 31, 1869, was 36,277, as follows: Great Britain, 9,022; Ireland, 3,878; German States, 12,158; Norway, Sweden and Denmark, 468; Switzerland, 608; France, 218; Spain and Portugal, 193; Italy, 209; South of France (exact locality not stated,) 953; other countries of Europe, 360; China and Japan, 1,880; British North American Provinces, 5,628; Mexico, 59; South America, 2; West Indies, 614; other localities, 526. Total, 36,277.

Their occupations were as follows: Clergymen, 34; physicians, 32; artists, 50; mechanics, 1,842; bakers, 135; butchers, 84; seamstresses, 41; shoemakers, 247; tailors, 240; masons, 276; other trades, 302; clerks, 285; farmers, 2,767; laborers, 19,614; merchants, 1,176; miners, 760; mariners, 195; servants, 660; all other occupations, 342; occupants not stated, 93; without occupations, 17,102.

Senator Sumner has written a letter to Washington, in which he has taken decided ground with the Administration on the Cuban question, holding that the neutrality laws must be enforced at all hazards, and that the insurgents have not yet done what entitles them to recognition. He also says he finds the people in New England with him in the conviction that we had better let the Alabama claims matter rest awhile before trying to make a new treaty.

James A. Junkin and Gorge Beatly, two citizens of Lewistown, were fatally burned at Freedom Iron and Steel works, on the 7th inst. Whilst working in the furnace, the bottom support of a cupola, containing about five tons of molten iron, suddenly broke, letting down on them the whole mass of metal and cinder. They suffered fearfully until death relieved them of their pains.

The Washington Typographical Union have postponed the consideration of the application of the colored printer, Douglass, until January next, which is virtually allowing him to remain at his work in the printing office without any interference.

## NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

Carroll.—Thomas Eckard's stable, in Uniontown, was consumed by fire on the 8th inst., with a horse, harness, hay and cutting box. Although insured, the fire is supposed to have originated in the playful use of matches by Willie Eckard, about five years old, a son of Mr. Eckard.—At the last meeting of the Patapsco Building Association, Westminster, shares of money were sold at premiums ranging from 31 to 34 per cent.—Rinehart, the American sculptor at Rome, is a Carroll county boy, son of Israel Rinehart.

Cumberland.—Major D. R. B. Nevin, formerly of Cumberland county, has been promoted to chief of the division of receipts and expenditures, Register's Office, Washington city, vice F. Kiel, removed a short time since.—The blacksmith shop of Wm. Givler, Newville, was destroyed by fire on Friday.—John Stone, residing near Carlisle, fell from a cherry tree on Saturday and was instantly killed.—David Heikes, of West Pennsborough township, last week while in his store complained of feeling unwell, and started for his residence a few hundred yards distant. When about mid way, he fell down dead.—William A Lindsey, of Carlisle, has been appointed County Superintendent of Cumberland county.—On the 18th inst., while Mr. John Lay, of Newton township, was engaged in unhitching a horse, he received a kick from the animal which caused his death the next day.

Franklin.—A Lodge of Free Masons has been established in the neighboring town of Greencastle.—The First National Bank of Greencastle has declared a dividend of five per cent., clear of National taxes.—The *Echo* says that Mr. Jacob Spielman, of Antrim township, aged 97 years, followed up closely and bound after a cradle for eight consecutive days during harvest.—On the 8th inst., a little daughter of Mr. Jacob Middour, near Waynesboro, fell from a cherry tree and fractured her skull.—Henry Mowers, of Fayetteville, was thrown from a buggy on Saturday evening, fracturing his collar bone.—Henry Myers, a boy about 13 years of age, residing near Good's Factory, in Green township, was bitten by a copper-head snake on Tuesday of last week, as he was getting corn from a crib.

Frederick.—On Sunday afternoon, the 11th inst., Lewis Smith, son of David F. Smith, of Frederick, aged 19 years, was drowned while bathing in the Monocacy.—On the 6th inst., Mrs. Abner Harn, of Unionville, an estimable Christian lady, while superintending some washing in her husband's Woolen Factory, had her dress caught in the cogs of the gearing, and she was carried around with the large wheel twice through a space about one foot wide, before the machinery could be stopped. Strange to say, she was not instantly killed; but she died a few days after from lock jaw, occasioned by her injuries.—Rev. Dr. Dieh, Pastor of the Lutheran church, Frederick, has been presented with a handsome cane made of wood from the house of Barbara Fritchie.—On the night of the 4th inst., as Mrs. Charles Hobbs, was extinguishing a coal oil lamp, preparatory to retiring, the lamp exploded, scattering the burning oil over the room. Mr. Hobbs, who had already retired, immediately sprang from his bed, and after some difficulty extinguished the flames, but he was badly burned.—The First National Bank of Frederick has declared a semi-annual dividend of 8 per cent.

Washington.—The Stables of Jonathan Middlekauff and Jacob Gruber, in Hagerstown, were consumed by fire on Friday morning a week, with their contents. The fire is supposed to have been occasioned by an incendiary.—Williamsport has been given a Money Order Post-office.

York.—A few weeks since, several bodies were disintered from a private burial ground on a farm formerly belonging to Michael Hess, of Fairview township. One of the bodies had apparently petrified into a mass of solid stone, so heavy that it required several persons to lift it. Upon a subsequent examination, it was found to be the body of Mrs. Hess, who died some years since. The substance into which the body had changed was exceedingly pure and white, and easily broken. The soil in which this body was buried is supposed to have produced this phenomenon.—The wife of Lewis Small of York, was found dead in her bed on Tuesday morning last. She retired in her usual health, the night before.—Grasshoppers are said to have made their appearance in great numbers in some sections of York county.—On last Tuesday while a little son of Emanuel Bates, of York, aged 5 years, was playing with a small wheelbarrow, he unfortunately lost his balance and fell backwards into a large kettle of scalding water, burning himself so badly that he died the next day.—A. F. Strayer has been appointed Postmaster at Apple Grove.—Jacob Cook, aged 20 years, was drowned on Thursday last, whilst bathing in a dam at Gotlsboro.—John A. Light will make a balloon ascension in York on Saturday.

The new French ministry has at last been announced. Its members are Roquette, Duvergier, Astorgne, Magne, Leroux, Gressier, Fenouilly, Niel, Bourbeau and Chasseloup as Presidents of the Council. The sentiment of the ministry is decidedly in favor of Parliamentary government, the members being of the most moderate of the Liberals.

Chief Justice Chase has got Presidency on the brain very bad. He is in constant intercourse with the Rebel Conservative leaders, and daily using whatever influence he possesses against his Republican friends.

The Great Council of the Improved Order of Red Men met in Harrisburg yesterday.

George H. Fahnestock accidentally shot himself at Harrisburg, on Sunday night, and died next day.

IMPROVED MORNING GLORY.—The famous Morning Glory Stove, so popular as a parlor and office stove, has sometimes been objected to for use in chambers and by families needing but one fire, because not adapted to heat water, &c.—This difficulty has been overcome, and last Monday we saw one of the improved Morning Glories in operation at the Warehouse of Col. C. H. Buehler, on Carlisle street, which seems not only to obviate objections but to meet every desired want. It is nothing more or less than the ordinary Morning Glory, with an Oven about 15 inches in diameter attached, and ingeniously arranged dampers by which the heat can be thrown around the oven at pleasure, and making it as hot as the ovens of the best cooking stoves. Water can be boiled, pies baked, and even meat roasted as readily as in a cooking stove. This contrivance, while preserving all the qualities of the Morning Glory as a heater, adapts it for the sick chamber, or use in small families requiring but little cooking.

COMING IN AND GOING OUT.—There are many doors by which customers enter Oak Hall, but only one, the large one on Market Street, by which they go out. Malicious persons have intimated that this is symbolic of the case with which people get in and the difficulty with which they get out of the grasp of the great clothing men. Very well gentlemen, just as you please about it. Any one of the tens of thousands of regular customers of Oak Hall will testify that it is not only easy to get in, but impossible to stay out, in view of the low prices and excellent clothing found there, and that it is not only difficult to get out but actually impossible ever to cease buying all their clothes there after they have once made a trial of the unparalleled advantages of dealing with Wanamaker & Brown. 16


## Special Notices.

FRUIT JARS.

We would call special attention to the very low prices at which we are offering Fruit Jars both Wholesale and Retail—having a good stock of all descriptions on hand. We have also on hand a few cases best Gilded Hotel China Tea and Dinner Sets, Coffee, Syrup, Spice and Grocerette Castors, Cut Glass Tumblers and Goblets, Glass and Willow ware, Tin, Sash, Oil, &c., which we offer at lowest possible prices and warrant to give the utmost satisfaction.

We would also commend Hall's last patent Fruit Jar as being, according to our judgment, the best and cheapest in the market.

July 2 WM. BLAIR & SON, "South End" Carlisle, Pa.

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR.

Dyspepsia and constipation are the hourly foes of the restless, excitable American, and with these come innumerable headaches, heartburns, and a train of small diseases. Marshall's Elixir has been prepared with special reference to these constitutional troubles, of so many of our countrymen, and so far the preparation has proved a decided success. The proprietors feel that, in recommending it now after the trial of a few months, they are but upholding a harmless duty towards the general community.—Fenner's Press.

Price One Dollar per bottle,
M. MARSHALL & CO.,
*Druggists, Proprietors,*
1301 Market st., Philadelphia.

☞Sold by all Druggists.
July 16. [Jan. 29.—1y

BRANDRETH'S PILLS.

They remove all bad accumulations from the bowels, and purify and invigorate the system. All whose breath is not perfect owe it to themselves to take a few doses of Brandreth's Pills, because the seeds of decay are constantly eradicated by their use, and the principle of life confirmed, thus giving a vigor of body and mind to a period when we have been used to see the faltering step and the enfeebled intellect.

General Paez, the distinguished liberator of Venezuela, says he has used them as his only medicine for thirty years, with the most satisfactory results.

For Costiveness, Dyspepsia, and as a Family Medicine they are unrivalled.

Daniel I. Tenney, Esq., Astor House, New York, cured by Brandreth's Pills of Dyspepsia and Costiveness, when all other means used had failed.

A gentleman, whose father died of consumption at 36 years, was also attacked, when about 21, by the disease. He had cough, night sweats, and general debility. Several physicians doctored liver oil, but he wasted away. At last he determined to use Brandreth's Pills. In two months they made him a sound man. [July 2—1m

GRANT AND PROSPERITY.

Business revives under the new regime. Other than general causes have, however, given a tremendous impetus to the sales of

CRISTADORO'S EXCELSIOR HAIR DYE.

The chemists have come out in two leading scientific Journals against the lead and sulphur *poisons for the head* (for that is their proper designation), with which the country is infested, while Dr. Chilton, the first analytical chemist in America, announces to the world that

CRISTADORO'S DYE IS UTTERLY POISONLESS,

and that he *knows it to be so*, because he has analyzed it. CRISTADORO'S HAIR PRESERVATIVE, as a Dressing, acts like a charm on the Hair after Dyeing. Try it. [July 2.—1m

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Farmers, families, and others can put Cisterns in complete order. Tested Verdict of Lieutenant for the cure of Cholera, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Croup, Colic, and Sea Sickness, taken internally—(it is perfectly harmless; see oath accompanying each bottle) and externally for Chronic Rheumatism, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Cuts, Burns, Swellings, Bruises, Mosquito Bites, Old Sores, Pains in Limbs, Back, and Chest. The Venetian Liniment was introduced in 1847, and no one who has used it but continues to do so, many stating, if it was Ten Dollars a Bottle they would not be without it. Thousands of certificates can be seen at the Depot, speaking of its wonderful curative properties. Price, Fifty Cents and One Dollar. Sold by the Druggists and Store-keepers throughout the United States. Depot, 10 Park Place, New York. [July 2.—1m

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc. The object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information that he considers invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh, Kings county, New York.
May 14, 1869.—1y

A CARD.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Generative Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this remedy, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*. Address

JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House, New City.
Sept. 18.—1y

☞Deafness, Blindness and Catarrh treated successfully by Dr. J. Isaac Hays, Surgeon and Professor of *Diseases of the Eye and Ear; (his specialty) late of the Medical College of Pennsylvania*, 12 *years' experience*, (formerly of Leyden, Holland), No. 1, 905 Arch street, Phila. Testimonials can be seen at his office. The Blind restored to sight. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. [Jan. 29.—1y

WIRE RAILING, WIRE GUARDS.

For Store Fronts, Asylums, &c.; Iron Bedsteads; Wire Railing for Cemeteries; Wire Work for Fences; Iron Wire Cloth, Sieves, Fenders, Screens for Coal, Ores, Sand, &c. Hay, Cotton Gin Cloth, for Grain Arresters; Landscape Wires for Windows, for Basket makers' Wires, Ornamental Wire Work, &c. Every information by addressing the manufacturers, M. WALKER & SONS, No. 11 North Sixth st., Philadelphia. [Feb. 5, 1869.—1y

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman who *suffered* for years from nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

No. 42 Cedar street, New York.
May 14, 1869.—1y

THE KIDNEYS.—THE KIDNEYS ARE TWO in number, situated in the small of the back, and surrounded by fat, and consisting of three parts, viz: the Exterior, the Interior, and the Exterior.

The exterior absorbs watery particles of an impurious or vitiate, which serve as a deposit for the urine and carry it to the exterior. The exterior is conducting or also, terminating in a single tube, and called the Ureter. The ureters are connected with the bladder. The bladder is composed of various coverings or tissues, divided into parts, viz: the Upper, the Lower, the Cross, and the Mucous. The upper expels, the lower retains. Many have a desire to urinate without the ability; others urinate without the ability to retain. The frequently varies in different persons.

To cure these affections, we must bring into action the muscles, which are engaged in their various functions. If they are neglected, Gravel or Dropsy may ensue.

The reader must also be made aware, that however slight may be the attack, it will serve to affect the bodily health and mental powers, as our flesh and blood are supplied from these sources.

Gout, or Rheumatism.—Pain occurring in the loins is indicative of the above diseases. They occur in persons disposed to acid stomach and chalky concretions.

The Gravel—The gravel arises from neglect or improper treatment of the kidneys. These organs being weak, the water is not expelled from the bladder as it should be, but remains. It becomes feculent, and stones are formed, and gravel ensues.

Dropsy is a collection of water in some parts of the body, and bears different names, according to the parts affected, viz: when generally diffused over the body, it is called Anasarca; when in the abdomen, Ascites; when of the chest, Hydrothorax.

Treatment.—Helmbold's Extract Buchu concentrated compound Extract Buchu is decidely one of the best remedies for diseases of the bladder, kidneys, gravel, dropsical swellings, rheumatism, and all affections. Under this head we have arranged Dysuria, or difficulty in passing water, scanty secretion, or small and frequent discharges of water, Strangury, or stopping of water; Hematuria, or bloody urine; Gout and Rheumatism, whether acute or without any change in quantity, but increase of color, or dark water. It was always highly recommended by the late Dr. Physick, in these affections.

This medicine increases the power of digestion, and excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the watery, or calcareous, depositions, and all internal enlargements, as well as pain and inflammation, are reduced, and it is safe for men, women, and children. Directions for use and diet accompany.

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 25, 1867.

H. T. Helmbold, Druggist:

Dear Sir.—I have been a s

## Legal Notices.

T I C E .

tels and Boarding Houses entertaining Springs, are required to make arrange- ments at the water by their guests.— nnot be supplied to them; rything to arrange can do so by calling ury, Esq., in Gettysburg.

F HARMON.

CE.—Letters of Adminis- on the estate of WILLIAM DOUGLAS, de- Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., having to the undersigned, residing in Cumber- he hereby gives notice to all persons d estate to make immediate payment, ing claims against the same to present authenticated for settlement.

H. F BIGHAM, Adm'r.

t, Pa., July 16—6t

LUTION OF PARTNER- Notice is hereby given that the partner- existing between the undersigned do- the firm of BUSEY AND HEAGY has dissolved by mutual consent. The ness of the firm will be closed up by ed all persons indebted to the firm are d to make payment to him without de-

JOHN BUSBEY, JOHN HEAGY.

July 16—3t

NEE'S NOTICE. ving been appointed 'As- d of Voluntary Assignment for the be- ors, executed by WILLIAM W. HEWITT n-ship—notice is hereby given to debt- settle their accounts with the under- g to the same township.

JOHN M. HOFFMAN, Assignee. July 16—6t

TOR'S NOTICE.—Let- tamentary on the estate of HUGH Mc- , late of Hamilton township, Adam- having been granted to the undersigned, d township, he hereby gives notice to all ed to said estate to make immediate and those having claims against the same to properly authenticated for settlement.

MICHAEL McSHERRY, Executor. July 16—6t

E.—Letters of Adminis- *de bonis non* with the Will annexed of deceased, late of Franklin township, having been granted to the undersign- Cumberland township, he hereby gives ersons indebted to said estate to make ment, and those having claims against resent them properly authenticated for

DAVID BLOCHER, *de bonis non* with the Will annexed. July 16—6t

STER'S NOTICES. E is hereby given to all and other persons concerned, that the Accounts hereinafter mentioned will the Orphans' Court of Adams county and allowance, on MONDAY, the SECOND next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., viz: of Dr. B. Mellon, Guardian of the tates of Retta A. Cashman, Zelotus Cashman, Aurinette Cashman, Rosanna man, Melissa Jane Cashman, and chil- Cashman, dec'd.

second account of James McIlvain and Aaron tors of the last Will and Testament of dec'd.

st and final account of Isaac Fritz, Ad- John Lentz, late of Butler township, dec'd.

account of Abel T. Wright, Executor ill and Testament of John McKnight, dec'd.

account of Samuel March, Adminis- h Spangler, dec'd.

st and final account of Michael Detrick, of the Estate of Hannah Fidler, late of ip, dec'd.

account of Henry B. Cromer, Ad- Estate of Esther McKinney, dec'd. final account of David Yohe, Ad- George Yohe, dec'd.

W. D HOLTZWORTH, Register. July 16—4t

## LIST FOR AUGUST.

GRAND JURY.

...s White, (Foreman,) Casper Myers. ...Moore C. Benner, Joseph Bayly, Geo. ...ip Kendorfer ...seph Kerr, Wm. Brogunier, Vincent

Robert Watson, Daniel Bisecker. ...orge Peters, Jacob Bear. ...ott Mickley. ...iah Spangler, Samuel Brown. ...ob G McIlhenny, Wm. Stallsmith. ...n Mackley. ...olomon J. Welty, Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal. ...uel Baugher. Samuel Geiselman. ...B. Brandt.

GENERAL JURY.

...ob Mark, Jonathan Wisler, Jno. Cole, ...der. Y. E. McIlhenny. ...l Robert. Wm. Sterner. ...Peters, Jeremiah Coughlinbaugh, George Boyer, Wm. Fickes, Henry

...n Picking, John Geiselman, Henry

Levi Lawrence, Pius Smith, John Weaver, John Albert, Newton A. ...nd Bender, Henry Brough. ...John Sellers, Joseph Barker. ...ac Miller, Wm. A. Wierman, Christo-

...orge W. Lott. James H. Marshall, Wm. T. Reed, ...ers. Joseph W. Kittinger, Zachariah ...on Seabrooks, John Middaugh. Abraham Brown, Isaac K. Wierman, Wm. Worley. Clark. ...m H. Culp, Jacob Sanders, Solomon ...S. Hamilton, Hamilton Longwell,

...iser Snyder, Henry Benner, Michael Hartman. D. Weaver, Jacob Peters, Jacob Ra-

...leury Mayer. ...muel Dinkle. Henry Myers, John Simpson, Single-

Shank, Conrad Beam, Peter Miller, ...ers. Miller, James M. Robinson, Leo

...illiam Waller. ...el Morris, Michael McFadden, A- tle. Kindig.

## OFF'S SALE.

...ursuant to writs of Venditioni Exponas, ...d Public sale at the Court House in ...g, on *Saturday, the 31st day of August next*, ...the following described Real Estate, viz:

A TRACT OF LAND, ...in township, Adams county, Pa., ad- ...Widow Camp, George Bluebaugh, ...J. W. Bird and others, containing ...ore less, improved with a two-story ...rarded DWELLING HOUSE, and a ...building attached, a Spring of water- ...ith blacksmith shop attached, Hog Pen, and ...Story Building, part stone ...with two One-story Frame Dwellings ...ly used as a PAPER MILL; also, the ...bbling. There are about ten ...nd, the balance cleared and under ...n to twenty acres are in Meadow. A ...ard and other fruit trees on the pre- ...of good water at the door of the ...e a valuable property, being on Com- ...with water power sufficient for al- ...f manufacturing business. It will ...parcels, or all together, as may be ...some fruit trees. Seized and taken as ...Real Estate of MARGARET CULP.

A LOT OF GROUND, ...rough of Gettysburg, Adams county, ...Washington street, and running back ...ty road, adjoining lot of Mrs. Har- ...and of David McGuigan on the ...with a Two-story Frame Weather- ...NG HOUSE, and outbuildings; and ...some fruit trees. Seized and taken as ...Real Estate of MARGARET CULP.

A TRACT OF LAND, ...ibben township, Adams county, Pa. ...David Metz, James Hall, Samuel Hall, ...thers, containing 10 Acres, more or ...Seized and taken in execution as HAMILTON DIEHL.

PHILIP HANN, Sheriff. Gettysburg, July 16.—ts

...t of the purchase money upon all ...ff must be paid over immediately ...e is struck down or upon failure to ...the property will be again put up

## Proclamation.

...e Hon. ROBERT J. FISHER, President ...al Courts of Common Pleas in the ...y the 19th District, and Justice of ...and Terminer and General Jail De- ...ery of all capital and other offenders ...d Justice J. KING and the Hon. ROBERT ...of the Courts of Common Pleas, and ...Courts of Oyer and Terminer and ...ery, for the trial of all capital and ...the county of Adams have issued ...ering date the 21st day of April, ...r Lord one thousand eight hundred ...to me directed, for holding a Court ...and General Quarter Sessions of the ...Jail Delivery and Courts of Oyer ...ettysburg, *on Monday, the 16th of*

...EBY GIVEN to all the Justices of ...oner and the Constables within the ...they be then and there in their pro- ...their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, ...either Remembrances, to do those ...ir offices and to that behalf appear- ...and also, they will prosecute ...ers that are or then shall be in the ...of Adams, are to be then and there ...t them as shall be just.

PHILIP HANN Sheriff. Gettysburg, July 16, 1869.

...BLISHED IN 1851.

## REMOVAL.

...B HARLEY, ...*WELER*, ...and the public generally, to his ...*estnut st., Philadelphia*,

...d a large and well selected stock ...DIAMONDS, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ...TED WARE, at Moderate Prices. ...ED and JEWELRY carefully re- ...SILVER WARE of all kinds made July 16, 1869.—3m

## The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Friday, July 23, 1869.

CHANGED.—Mr. J. H. Wert has changed the day for the opening of his Select School from the 26th of July to 2d of August—one week later.

LARGE LEMON.—Mr. Wm. Slaybaugh, of Butler township, has a lemon, taken from a lemon tree in his possession, which weighs one pound, and measures 12 inches in length and 10½ inches in circumference.

SOLD.—John McCullough has sold his two story brick house on Baltimore street, to R. C. Cobean for $3,000.

John Sients has sold his house on Chambersburg street to John McCullough for $1600

Mr. P. M. Bikle, of the Theological Seminary at this place, has been elected Professor of Latin and Greek in North Carolina College, and will enter on the discharge of the duties of the position about the 1st of September.

KILLED.—A smash up occured on the Union Pacific Railroad on the 5th inst., 450 miles west of Omaha, near Antelope Station, by which three persons were killed and several wounded. Among the killed is given the name of John Dwyer, said to be of Emmittsburg, Md.

PIC-NICS.—The M. E. Sunday School of Bendersville purpose holding a Basket Pic-nic at Mountain View Springs, (Dr. Smith's) on Saturday, July 31st. All Sunday Schools and the public generally are invited to attend. There will also be a Pic-nic at Cashtown Springs on Saturday, August 7, to which the public are invited.

DROWNED.—We learn that a son of Mrs. Young, widow, residing in New Oxford, aged about five years, was drowned in an old shallow well opposite the Lutheran Church in that place, on Monday last. The little fellow had been playing about the well, which was four or five feet deep, with another small child, and being missed an hour or two after, search was made and the lifeless body found in the well.

BEAR SHOW.—There was quite an excitement among the young folks on Thursday and Friday last, by the appearance on our streets of a huge brown bear, in charge of its owner, and at whose bidding the monster performed various antics, dancing, rolling over, making bows, &c. It seemed to be well trained, very docile, and submissive to its master. The sport was keenly enjoyed by large crowds of children, who rewarded the showman with occasional pennies.

FOR EUROPE.—Our colleague, Hon. Edward McPherson, has completed arrangements for a visit to Europe. He will sail on the 28th inst., from Baltimore, in the City of Baltimore, of the Bremen line of steamers, and expects to be absent about three months. Mr. McPherson makes the trip mainly on account of impaired health. He will take with him the best wishes of many warm personal friends, for a pleasant trip, and safe return.

Mr. J. Harrison Kelly, Esq., of the Fredericksburg *Herald*, has been elected a member of the Virginia House of Delegates from Spotsylvania county. He was raised in Gettysburg, and is a graduate of the "*Sentinel*" office. In crossing Mason & Dixon's line he left behind him his principles—became a zealous slavery propogandist and blatant Secessionist, and to-day, we believe, is an unreconstructed Rebel.

BATHS.—The rapidity with which the Springs Hotel was put up, rendered it impossible to provide immediately the accessaries desirable and comprehended in the original design, such as bathing rooms, nine-pin alleys, &c. All of these will be provided. We understand that the managers are about to erect a large bathing house, with bathing tubs, plunge bath, and shower baths, to be supplied with water from the Katalysine Spring. In a few days, the guests will have superadded to the other luxuries of the Hotel, that of bathing.

FEMALE SEMINARY.—As already announced in our columns, the Hagerstown Female Seminary has passed into the hands of Rev. Wm. F. Eyster as Principal, and will commence its 16th scholastic year on the 6th of September. The new Principal is favorable known in this neighborhood as a gentleman of scholarly attainments, and under his charge the reputation of the Institution will be fully sustained. Most of the old corps of teachers have been retained. Among the new ones is Miss Flory, who several years ago taught in this place. See advertisement in to-day's paper.

TELEGRAPHIC.—The annexed telegram, delivered at our sanctum on Monday last, tells its own story:

Gettysburg Springs Hotel, July 19, 1869.

*Eds. Star & Sentinel*:—I have the honor to inform you that the Gettysburg Springs Hotel is in telegraphic communication with Gettysburg and the rest of creation on the 119th day since the Hotel building was commenced.

G. D. SMITH.

The Western Union Telegraph Company lines have been extended to the Hotel, and an office opened in the building for the accommodation of guests. It is very evident that the enterprising management is determined to leave nothing undone to supply the Hotel with every convenience the most fastidious visitor may desire.

NARROW ESCAPE.—During the hail storm of Wednesday evening, the 14th inst., the lightning struck the rod on the barn of Leander Cunningham, in Freedom township, and passing down the rod to the foundation, struck across the stable floor, tossing the manure in all directions. Jesse Hoffman, the tenant, with his father and a colored man, were in the stable, and were prostrated by the shock, but neither of them sustained serious injury. Four horses were also prostrated, one of which is still disabled. The lightning left a distinct blue mark on the slab where it left the rod and entered the barn. The barn was not injured.

NARROW ESCAPE.—Mr. Henry Culp, farmer, residing east of town within the borough limits, made a narrow escape from serious, if not fatal injury, last week. Whilst engaged in cutting grain with a reaper, the horses attached to the machine took fright and ran away, throwing him from the seat, and immediately in front of the knives, but upon which several sheaves of wheat had been caught by the guards as the machine passed over the field. The horses ran some distance, with Mr. Culp in this perilous position, when, still retaining his hold upon the lines, he checked their speed and brought them to a stand-still. Mr. C. escaped with a few bruises, the sheaves protecting him from serious injury. It was a providential escape.

INDIAN RELICS.—Frequently stone Arrow Heads, stone Battle Axes, and other relics of the days when the Indian roamed over this section as "lord of the forest," are picked up or ploughed up in the fields around town. The writer has a distinct recollection of frequently following, in his boyish days, the ploughman in one of the fields bordering on Willoughby's run west of town, and adjoining the grove in which Reynolds fell, in search of Indian arrow heads and axes, which were turned up in large numbers. In consequence of the unusual number of these relics being found in that field, popular opinion credited it as having been the scene of an Indian battle, which is not all improbable. We are requested to say that persons in possession of any of these Indian relics found upon what now constitutes the Battle-field of Gettysburg, will confer a favor by taking them to the Katalysine Spring or Hotel, and that they will be rewarded for their trouble.

WARNING TO TRESPASSERS.—Notwithstanding the repeated notices of the Managers of Ever-Green Cemetery, we understand that there are constant complaints of trespassing on the Cemetery grounds, by plucking flowers, injuring shrubbery, trees, &c. So frequent have these complaints become that the Managers have determined in future rigidly to enforce the penalties of the ordinance relating to trespasses. A beginning was made last week in the case of Mr. John Krise, who undertook to cut some young trees in the grove for bean poles. Mr. K. thought there was no special harm in removing these trees, but the attention of the Board being directed to the matter they directed a prosecution to be entered. Mr. Abraham Krise, brother of John, bearing of the matter promptly came forward and paid a fine of $15 to the treasurer. As most of these trespasses are doubtlessly committed thoughtlessly or in ignorance of the stringent provisions of the Act of Incorporation, we re-publish Sect. 4 in full:

SECTION 4. Any person who shall wilfully destroy, mutilate, deface, injure, or remove, any tomb, monument, gravestone, or other structure, placed in the Cemetery aforesaid, or fence, railing or other work for the protection or ornaments of said Cemetery, or of any tomb, monument, gravestone, or other structure placed therein as aforesaid; or shall wilfully destroy, cut, break or remove any tree, shrub or plant within the limits of the said Cemetery; or shall shoot or discharge any gun or other fire arms within the limits thereof—shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction thereof before any Justice of the Peace of the County of Adams, be fined by a fine at the discretion of the Justice according to the aggravation of the offence, of not less than five nor more than fifty dollars, or shall on conviction thereof in the Court of Quarter Session of said county, be punished by a fine as aforesaid and by imprisonment according to the aggravation of the offence at the discretion of the Court."

We are further requested by the managers to say that complaints have been made that parties are in the habit of remaining on the Cemetery grounds at late and unreasonable hours, in violation of the rules. If persisted in it will necessitate the adoption of a rule excluding all visitors after a fixed hour of the evening.

BIBLE DISTRIBUTION.—The work of exploring and re-supplying the county with Bibles, is now in progress, under the auspices of the Ladies' Bible Society of Gettysburg and the Bible Society of the College and Seminary—four young men, students of the College and candidates for the ministry are engaged in the work. The county has been districted as follows: Mr. Beshau, for Franklin township, Menallen and half of Buttler; Mr. Fastnacht, for Hamiltonban, Liberty, Freedom and Cumberland; Mr. Clutz, for Mountjoy, Germany, Union, Mountpleasant, Conowago, Oxford and Berwick; and Mr. Palmer, for Straban, Hamilton, Reading, Tyrone, Huntingdon, Latimore and half of Butler. They are authorized to sell Bibles and Testaments at the very low rates fixed by the Pennsylvania Bible Society, and to bestow them upon such persons as are destitute of them and are unable to buy them. The young gentlemen engaged in the work are commended to the hospitality and sympathies of Christians generally in the several districts.

"THE ILLUMINATED WESTERN WORLD," is the title of a new weekly literary paper, recently started in New York, which is likely to prove a formidable rival to the present popular weeklies.—The aim of the publishers will be to produce the best paper of the kind, and to this end will call to their aid contributors of acknowledged ability. Besides the high literary character of the paper, the publishers have introduced a novelty in the printing art, that of printing in oil colors of various shades. Each number will contain one or more of these colored illustrations. In producing the paper we learn that all of the colors are secured at one impression—a feature we don't exactly comprehend, but it certainly exhibits a wonderful combination of mechanical skill. The proprietors claim that it has already reached the enormous circulation of one hundred thousand. See advertisement.

HOW TO KEEP COOL.—The following simple hints, from the *Scientific American*, are useful to remember during the warm weather of the present season:—

"Be sparing in your diet, which should consist principally of fruits, berries and vegetables. Avoid everything of a greasy nature; also spices, condiments and sweets. Drink nothing but water. Chew nothing but food, chew that well, but do not chew to much. The process in eating is one of the principal causes of that lazy, listless, restless feeling experienced by so many persons in hot weather. Dress lightly, and change often. Wear nothing at night which is worn during the day. Bathe the body every morning with cool or cold water. Keep a clean conscience as well as a clean body and clean clothing, and don't get excited. If uncomfortably warm at any time, immerse the hands or feet, or both, in cold water for a few minutes, or let a stream of cold water run upon the wrists and ankles. This will cool the whole body in a short time."

HAIL STORM.—The hail storm on Wednesday evening of last week, referred to in our last, covered about half a mile in width, the hail-stones in some places being as large as hen's eggs. It swept over the farms of John Kemper, Calvin P. Krise, Abraham Krise, J. E. Plank, Hon. Edward McPherson, John Socks, John F. Currens, Henry S. Toot, Wm. Bigham, Joseph Witherspoon, and John Cunningham, in Cumberland and Freedom townships, doing more or less damage to oats and corn. Mr. Bigham had his corn and oats badly cut up, the latter being so far destroyed that cattle have been turned in to it. Messrs. Toot and Witherspoon each had a field of corn badly cut up, while a field of oats belonging to Mr. Cunningham was so much injured that part of it cannot be cut. Mr. McPherson had a fine field of Italian oats seriously damaged.

SPRINGS HOTEL.—We are indebted to Dr. G. D. SMITH, the efficient manager of the Gettysburg Springs Hotel, for an excellent electrotype plate of the Hotel and grounds, which will be found in to-day's issue. It is engraved from a photograph by Messrs. Tipton & Myers, of this place, and is a correct representation of the Hotel.

PERSONAL.—Prof. C. F. Himes, of Dickinson College, and son of Wm. D. Himes, Esq, of New Oxford, has been selected by the National Government as a member of the Photographic Corps which is to form a part of the scientific party commissioned by our Government to make observations of the total eclipse of the sun to occure on August 7th.

DEATH.—The Frederick (Md.) papers announce the death, on the 18th inst., of Col. James McSherry, of that city, aged about 50 years. He was a son of Hon. James McSherry, deceased, of this county, and removed to Frederick City at an early age. He was the author of McSherry's History of Maryland, and was much respected as a citizen.

THE GETTYSBURG BATTLE-FIELD—Is just now the great attraction of the day, and visitors flock to it from all parts. Next to the battle-field comes W. L. BIERBOWER'S Cigar Store, in the diamond, where lovers of the weed, in search of a prime article, flock daily. And they get just what they want—whether a prime Cigar, a good Pipe, or superior Chewing Tobacco. If any of our readers want to enjoy the luxury of a really good article, we advise them to call at Bierbower's, who makes it a point to furnish the very best brands of Tobacco, both smoking and chewing. tf

LATER.—We are informed that another new stock has been received by Mr. F. DUPHORN. He is selling so cheap, that no one should come to town without buying something at his store. Take your wool to him and exchange it for goods that you need. You get them just as cheap as for cash. Store North-west corner of Square. tf

GETTYSBURG SPRINGS HOTEL.

THE BEST.—Tonics have of late years gained rapidly in public estimation, and are far more generally employed by first-class physicians than they once were. The reason for this is that it is a generally established fact that wholesome tonics used in moderation daily for years do not loose their virtue, neither do they injure the system.—They act in fact like air and exercise, and not as "medicines," which are intended solely for attacks of illness. The BITTER PRINCIPLES, especially those of vegetable origin, all possess the common property of stimulating the appetite, strengthening the nervous system, and of imparting strength. Women generally derive benefit from them even more than men, their system being more liable to debility and exhaustion.—We have again and again in our experience seen the good effects of tonics where the eyes had grown dim and the cheeks pale, and the entire frame showed every indication of exhaustion, nervous suffering and debility.

The best established bitters before the American public are beyond question those of Dr. Stoever, and this is equivalent to declaring that they are the best, since among the scores of really excellent bitters now current, a poor article has no chance of success whatever. The most ignorant person can tell at once by its effects, almost from a single dose, whether any bitters are good or bad. These of Stoever have been sold for thirty years, are composed of sixteen of the safest roots and herbs of a well-known tonic virtue, so skillfully selected and compounded with regard to their mutual effects, that it may be doubted whether any more perfect form of this medicine can be made.

Thousands of persons are exposed to or afflicted with fever and ague, bilious ague or other results of malaria. Let them remember that these bitters are as admirable in such cases, as for diarrhœa and cholera morbus, or any ordinary derangement of the stomach. Try them and be satisfied that they should be in the stores of every family, and the trunk of every traveler.

It is a favorable feature in the advertisement of the proprietors of Dr. Stoever's Tonic Herb Bitters, that no claims are made that they will cure every ill that flesh is heir to. The weakest intellect can hardly be imposed upon when told that this or that remedy will remove every form of disease in every stage, and yet we can not take up the majority of journals without encountering an advertisement declaring that this or that medicine is a nostrum which is a perfect apothecary's shop, and a whole college of physicians in itself, rendering all other cures useless. What is claimed for Dr. Stoever's Bitters is simply that they will act as a good tonic, and are capable of doing as much good as a preparation of bitter principle can. They will not cure incurable diseases, but they will often prevent a certain class of disorders from becoming incurable. The references and certificates issued in their favor are all true and honest, and of these there are hundreds.

From the editorial column of Forney's Phila. "Press:"

FROM THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.

LANCASTER, July 25, 1868.

KRYDER & CO.—Gentlemen: In reply to yours of the 22d inst., I would say that I have used Dr. Stoever's Tonic Herb Bitters extensively in my practice during several years past. I do not hesitate to say that I have found it to possess remarkable efficacy in cases of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Loss of Nervous Energy, as well as Fever and Ague, Diarrhœa, Headache and other diseases proceeding from a disordered stomach; and especially has it proved of inestimable value in general debility of the system, when other tonic medicines have failed to produce the desired effect.

Though reluctant to appear as recommending any particular advertised medicine, a sense of duty to the public and the medical faculty will not allow me to withhold my testimony to the merits of the Bitters in question. Yours, respectfully,

J. T. BAKER, M. D.

Kryder & Co., Manufacturers and Sole Proprietors, 121 North 3d St., Philadelphia.

Sold everywhere. June 18—8t

NOVEL EXHIBITION.—The town is placarded with posters announcing two Exhibitions in Gettysburg on Wednesday next, afternoon and evening, by the Combination of trained Horses and Mules, and a troupe of Dacotah Indians, under the management of Professors Hamilton and Rawdon. The trained horses, "Sir Henry" and "General Sheridan," will perform various extraordinary acts, including Dancing, Waltzing, Tricks at Cards, Drinking from Tumblers, &c.; while the mule, "Dan Rice," will exhibit equally extraordinary training, by Waltzing, Firing Pistols, Leaping through blazing Hoops of Fire, Walking on his hind feet, &c. Besides these, they have a troupe of genuine Dakotah Indians, who will exhibit the manners and customs of the Indians, in War Dances, Games, Songs, Tableaux, Rites, Ceremonies, &c.

Each exhibition will be preceded by a grand Indian Cavalcade through the streets, dressed in Indian costumes, and mounted on Arab steeds. Prof. Rawdon will give a free exhibition previous to the performances, outside of the pavilion in velocipede riding. Performances to commence at 2 and 7 o'clock, P. M. Admission 50 cents—Children under 12 years, 25 cents.

ARRIVED.—A fresh stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Lawns, Sun Shades, Hosiery, Gloves, &c. has just been received by Duphorn, and are the cheapest we ever saw. May 28-tf

Eminent New York and Philadelphia Physicians claim that Dubois' Mississquoi Powder actually cures Cancer. It is advertised in this issue. 1cm

The attention of our readers is directed to the advertisement of COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE, in another part of this paper. This truly Valuable Medicine is recommended by all who use it. Read the certificates. eow

PATRICK HAMLEY, a grave-digger in Greenwood Cemetery, was killed by lightning, on Friday night.

THE cholera is spreading in New York, and has extended to Hoboken and Jersey City.

A CONVENTION of County Superintendents is in session at Harrisburg.

## MARRIED.

BOWMASTER—SHARAH—On the 11th inst. by the Rev. J. A. Bell, Mr. John Bowmaster to Miss Mary Sharah, both of Buchanan Valley.

FICKEL—CLARK.—On the 15th inst., by Rev. D. M. Blackwelder, Mr. Elmore E. Fickel, of Latimore township, to Miss Ella Clark, of Churchtown, Cumberland County.

## DIED.

Obituary notices 5 cents a line or all over 4 lines—cash to accompany notices.

ARMSTRONG.—At New Salem, on the 18th inst., Virgil Eugene, son of Dr. Jas. A. and Mary Armstrong, aged 2 years 1 month and 3 days.

CAMPBELL.—On Wednesday last Miss Rebecca Campbell, of Straban township, daughter of Alexander Campbell, deceased.

GULDEN.—At Gulden's Station, on the 12th inst., Daniel Gulden, aged 53 years 4 months & 15 days.

"Father, thou wast mild and lovely,
Gentle as the summer breze,
Pleasant as the air of evening,
When it floats amongst the trees.

Peaceful be thy silent slumber—
Peaceful in the grave so low:
Thou no more will join our number,
Thou no more our song shalt know.

Dearest Father, thou hast left us;
Here thy loss we dearly feel;
But 'tis God that hath bereft us:
He can all our sorrow heal.

Yet, again we hope to meet thee,
When the day of life is fled;
Then in heaven with joy to greet thee,
Where no farewell tear is shed."

LEONARD.—On the evening of the 18th inst., at the residence of Josiah Cook, in Menallen township, Sarah Alma Leonard, aged 8 years and 18 days.

MELHORN.—In Mt Pleasant township, on the 17th inst., Catharine Melhorn, wife of Jacob Melhorn, Esq., Prothonotary of this county, aged 73 years, 5 months and 6 days.

SMITH.—On the 14th inst., in York, Pa., Charlotte Stair, only child of Malcolm O. and Louisa V. Smith, and grandchild of Dr. F. E. Vanderslice, formerly of this place, aged 1 year.

## Review of the Markets.

**Baltimore Grain & Produce Market.**
*Baltimore, Thursday Morning.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| SUPER FLOUR, | 5 50 | @ | 6 00 |
| EXTRA FLOUR, | 6 25 | @ | 6 50 |
| WHITE WHEAT, | 1 50 | @ | 1 75 |
| RED WHEAT, | 1 30 | @ | 1 68 |
| CORN, | 1 08 | @ | 1 13 |
| RYE, | 1 17 | @ | 1 30 |
| OATS, | 70 | @ | 79 |
| TIMOTHY-SEED, | 0 00 | @ | 0 00 |
| CLOVER-SEED, | 0 00 | @ | 0 00 |
| FLAX-SEED, | 0 00 | @ | 0 00 |
| BACON, SHOULDERS, | 15½ | @ | 15½ |
| " SIDES, | 18½ | @ | 19 |
| " HAMS, | 23 | @ | 23½ |
| LARD, | 19 | @ | 19½ |
| GOLD, Phila. | | | 1 35½ |

**Gettysburg Grain & Provision Market.**
*Gettysburg, Friday Morning.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| SUPER FLOUR, | | | 5 50 |
| EXTRA FLOUR, | 6 00 | @ | |
| WHITE WHEAT, | 1 25 | @ | 1 50 |
| RED WHEAT, | 1 00 | @ | 1 10 |
| CORN, | | | 85 |
| RYE, | 1 00 | @ | 1 20 |
| OATS, | | | 60 |
| BUCKWHEAT, | | | 90 |
| TIMOTHY SEED, | | | 2 50 |
| CLOVER SEED, | | | 7 00 |
| POTATOES, | 50 | @ | 65 |
| BUTTER, | | | 28 |
| LARD, | | | 20 |
| EGGS, | | | 15 |
| BACON, HAMS, | | | 20 |
| " SIDES, | | | 16 |
| " SHOULDERS, | | | 16 |
| SOAP, | 6 | @ | 8 |
| TALLOW, | | | 10 |


THE FIVE WINDOWS OF GETTYSBURG FOR ALL TO VISIT.—The Katalysine Springs—Orphans National Home—National Cemetery—Pennsylvania College—and E. H. MINNICH'S Cream Soda and Ice Cream Establishment, on Chambersburg St., adjoining Keystone Hotel.

P. S.—Try Cream Soda, it's delicious. tf

FOR RENT two desirable rooms on Baltimore street, near the diamond. Enquire at this office. tf

SCRAP IRON.—$1.50 per hundred will be paid in cash for wrought Scrap Iron delivered at the Gettysburg Forge. tf

## New Advertisements.

ESTRAY.—Strayed away on Sunday, the 11th day of July inst., two COWS—one a red Muley, the other a white spotted Cow, with red neck and long horns. A liberal reward will be given for any information leading to their whereabouts, or the return of the cows to the subscriber, residing in Gettysburg, on the line of the Passenger Railway, on the property owned by C. J. Tyson.

July 23—3t J. J. KIRK.

DISSOLUTION. The firm of MCCURDY & HAMILTON was dissolved by mutual consent on the 24th of June. The business will be continued by Mr. MCCURDY at the old stand.

The Books of the late Firm will remain at the Warehouse, and persons indebted are requested to call without delay, as a prompt settlement is desired.

ROBERT MCCURDY. WM. S. HAMILTON.

July 23—3t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of JOHN CHAMBERLAIN, late of Lafayette county, Missouri, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WASHINGTON CHAMBERLAIN, Ex'r.

July 23.—6t

Persons have claims against deceased will present them for settlement to DAVID WILLS, Esq., in Gettysburg, Pa.

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of DANIEL GULLEY, late of Straban township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the said township, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HAMMERLY GULDEN, } Adm'rs.
JEREMIAH GULDEN, }

July 23.—6t

LICENSE.—The following applications have been filed in my office, with the requisite number of sigsers, and will be presented at the Court of Quarter Session, *on Monday the 16th day of August, 1869.*

RESTAURANT LICENSE.

JESSE E. SPAHR, Arendtsville.
ALEXANDER TATE, Gettysburg.

July 16—4t A. W. MINTER, Clerk.

## Journeyman Shoemaker WANTED.

GOOD WAGES and permanent employment will be given to a first-class workman, if immediate application be made.

D. H. KLINGLE.

Gettysburg, Pa., July 23—tf

## 6 Teachers Wanted.

SIX TEACHERS are wanted for the Schools of Hanover Borough. Schools graded. Term 9 months. Salaries from $50 to $60 per month. The County Superintendent will hold the examination *on Wednesday, August 4th, 1869*, in the Public School House.

H. ALLEMAN, Sec'y School Board.

Hanover, July 23, 1869-2t

## NOTICE.

U. S. PATENT OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 14th, 1869.

On the petition of E. HARMON, of Gettysburg, Pa., praying for the extension of a patent granted to him on the 30th day of November, 1858, for an improvement in ENVELOPES, it is ordered that said petition be heard at this office *on the 25th day of October next*. Any person may oppose this extension. Objections, depositions, and other papers, should be filed in this office twenty days before the day of hearing.

SAMUEL S. FISHER, Commissioner of Patents.

July 23—2t

## PIC-NIC!!

THERE will be a Pic-Nic held at the

CASHTOWN SPRINGS,

*on Saturday, the 7th day of August next*,

to which the Public are respectfully invited. Refreshments to be had on the ground.

The Band will be in attendance in the evening, and the Jubilee continued.

W. P. BIESECKER,
H. W. BROUGH,
H. F. STOVER,
J. D. HEINTZELMAN,
Committee.

July 23—2t

FEMALE SEMINARY, HAGERSTOWN,
(Founded 1854.)

This Institution will commence its Sixteenth Scholastic year on the

FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER.

It offers the advantages of a Beautiful and Healthful location, a NOBLE EDIFICE especially erected and arranged for a BOARDING SCHOOL of the highest grade, ample grounds, and a liberal appointment of Teachers for the Instruction in all the departments of a useful, Ornamental and Scientific education. Board, Lights, use of furnished Room, and tuition in all the studies in the regular Course including Latin, for each Term of Five Months, $100. For Catalogues, or any desired information address

REV. WM. F. EYSTER, Hagerstown, Md.

July 23—5w

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE & PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned for himself, and as Executor of JOHN CHAMBERLAIN, deceased, will expose to Public Sale, on *Saturday, the 14th day of August next, at 1 o'clock, P. M.*, on the premises, in the Borough of Gettysburg, the following described Real Estate, viz:

No. 1.—A LOT OF GROUND, numbered on the plot of the Borough as 19, situated on the west side of Baltimore street, adjoining lot of D. McCreary on the north and Wm. Christman on the south, having 120 feet front on Baltimore street, and extending back 142 feet, on which is erected two two-story BRICK DWELLING HOUSES, with Kitchen and other outbuildings.

No. 2.—TWO-THIRDS OF A LOT, numbered on the plot of the Borough as 203, situated in the rear of and adjoining the above described lot, extending west along Breckenridge alley 60 feet and back 120 feet, to lot of D. McCreary.

Persons wishing to examine these properties will call on Wm. S. Hamilton, residing on said property, or on the undersigned at the Eagle Hotel, in Gettysburg.

Also, at the same time and place will be sold a large quantity of HOUSEHOLD PROPERTY, consisting of Bedsteads and Bedding, Bureaus, Rocking Chairs, Plain Chairs, Lounges, Looking Glasses, Tables, Carpets, Stoves and Pipe, Book Case, Clock and other articles.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by

WASHINGTON CHAMBERLAIN.

July 23.—ts

ART GALLERY AND LIBRARY COMBINED!

The wonderful invention of printing, *at one impression*, SEVEN DISTINCT COLORS, must be pronounced one of the great triumphs of this generation. To utilize the invention and send into the Hands and Homes of America the exquisite pictures in color produced by their process, the owners of the press and its patents introduced

THE ILLUMINATED

WESTERN WORLD,

a weekly Journal of Useful, Popular and Entertaining Literature, each issue containing *two or more large Illustrations in Colors*. So remarkable has been the success of this paper that additional presses have had to be ordered; and the proprietorship of the enterprising house of PETERSON associated in the WESTERN WORLD PUBLISHING COMPANY, it is now the design to send this elegant periodical into all circles and sections.—The

ILLUMINATED WESTERN WORLD

will be devoted to General Literature, Science, Agriculture, &c. Catered for by writers in prose and verse, whose names are a household word, it challenges comparison with any and all other papers designed for popular circulation, in the intrinsic interest and excellence of its contents. What, with Serial Romances, Stories, Sketches, Travels, Essays on Practical and Scientific Topics, Agricultural and Horticultural Items, Record of Current Events, Fashion Gossip and Chit-Chat, the Children's Hopper, Humor, Poetry, &c., &c.—it will be the

FAMILY & HOME JOURNAL PAR EXCELLENCE

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July 23.—3t

AGENTS WANTED FOR *CHAMBERLIN'S*

LAW BOOK FOR THE PEOPLE!

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Full Instructions and Practical Forms, adapted to Every Kind of Business, and to all the States of the Union.

BY FRANKLIN CHAMBERLIN, Of the United States Bar.

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This is the ONLY NEW BOOK of the kind published for many years. It is prepared by an able PRACTICAL LAWYER, of twenty-five years' experience, and is just what everybody needs for daily use.

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CAUTION.

An old Law Book, published many years ago, has just been modified somewh

# The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Friday, July 16, 1869.


## WHY I WANT THE WIFE TO LEARN FARMING.

BY HORACE GREELEY.

Every gainful or calling that ministers to the subsistence, comfort, or enlightenment of mankind is honorable and laudable. That is a narrow and essentially false conception which regards the farmer as a mere a beneficiary than a beneficiary, and stigmatizes as drones and cormorants all who do not directly contribute to the production and increase of material wealth. The upright, able lawyer, the studious, skillful physician, the pious, loving clergymen, are working men, as truly and quite as nobly, as though they were wood choppers or bricklayers. He who by whatever means helps to diminish the fearful aggregate of ignorance, sin, and suffering in the world and diffuse instead knowledge, virtue and happiness, is worthy of all honor, and far from me be the wish to discourage and degrade him. And yet I hold it the duty of every father to look well to the physical and industrial training of his sons and daughters, to see that each of them is early inured to some form of manual labor, and thoroughly trained to efficiency in some pursuit which ministers directly to the material physical needs of mankind. My reasons for this conviction are summed up as follows:

1. The demand for intellectual labor, or its products, and even for mercantile capacities, is exceedingly capricious. In a season of commercial prosperity, a great city affords employment to thousands of clerks, doorkeepers, teachers of music, language, ect., who will nearly all be left high and dry by the ebb of the tide. War, pestilence, a bad harvest, a business revulsion, throws them suddenly out of employment, and no merit of excellence on their part can avert the catastrophe. I would have every one so armed and equipped for the battle of life that if suddenly unhorsed he can fight on efficiently and undismayed on foot.

The professions are fearfully over-crowded. A western village is half peopled by doctors, lawyers and clegymen who have rushed in ahead of the expected flood of emigration. Like miners of the Sierra Nevada or Rocky Mountains they have staked out their claims, and are waiting for others to come and help develope and work them to mutual profit. But, "while the grass grows the seed starves." Whatever may be their fortune ten or twenty years hence—and events are constantly interposing to blast their sanguine hopes—doctor, lawyer, minister, are often winning but a meagre, precarious support for the present. "I cannot dig; to beg I am ashamed," is the complaint which many would utter if they could afford to be frank and outspoken. Thousands suffer and stagger on, oppressed by want and ever increasing debt, who would gladly take refuge in productive industry, if they had been trained to familiarity with pitchforks and plow handles. They would outgrow their present embarrassments if it were not for the new doctors, lawyers and clergymen annually ground out to compete with them for practice or parishes, and whose training is as helplessly one-sided as their own. I would qualify the professional men who shall henceforth be trained for a broader and more assured usefulness than that of their elder brethern.

2. New York city swarms with hungry, needy, shivering, cowering, cringing fellow mortals, all eager, imploring, in hopeless quest of "something to do." To the reproach of what passes for education, I must say that a majority of them have had considerable money spent in schooling them for lives of usefulness. They are qualified, I presume, to keep books or copy manuscripts, to teach languages or act as governess, or follow some other of the frightfully overstocked vocations. But when I say to one of them, "The work you seek is positively not to be had, since ten want to do it where one wants it done; you must strike off into the broad, free country, and ask farmer after farmer to give you work until you find it," the general response, "I know nothing of farming," strikes on my ear like a knell. Even at seasons when the farmers were intensely flurried by their summer harvest, and ready to pay largely for help that was not hindrance. I have known our city to be thronged with weary, sad petitioners for "something to do." If our education were not a blunder or a fraud, this would not be.—*Hearth and Home.*

CALIFORNIA FRUIT.—A San Francisco correspondent of the St. Louis *Democrat* writes: The Central Pacific Railroad Company has commenced the construction of fifty fruit cars, which will be ventilated in all directions by funnel air pumps, wire screens, &c., and are to be built with a special view to the storage of fruit, so as to allow a free circulation of air. We have a surplus of almost every fruit to which you can give a name. At some not very distant day our tropical and semi-tropical productions, such as oranges, lemons, limes, citrons, dates and bananas, will be important items of export. Meantime for a few years it is our grapes which we can best spare, and as we can supply the Eastern market with them from July to Christmas, and even into the winter, we expect a huge demand. In some California counties now wine is cheaper than milk. As to grapes, they have hardly definite value at all, and get down to five pounds or more for twenty-five cents in San Francisco itself at the height of the season. The large and more luscious of our numerous varieties of table grapes cannot fail to attract attention in the East. I should suppose that it will be profitable to sell them at from twenty to sixty cents, according to quality, a pound in New York, and that they will become a good paying institution.

THE farmers near Muscatine (Iowa) have for some time been complaining that their cows were milked by persons who had no right to milk them. Those who thought themselves imposed upon thereby began to look suspiciously upon certain of their neighbors, but a discovery was made on the 5th inst., by one of the losers. Soon after leaving home for his place of business—about four o'clock—his attention was attracted by a large fat hog engaged in sucking a cow which was lying down. The bovine seemed to think the matter all right and remained perfectly passive. The porcine soon transferred its patronage to another cow, which did not seem to relish the operation quite so much, and manifested its disapprobation by getting up and moving off. The hog then returned to cow No. 1 and resumed business with a grunt of evident satisfaction.

TO CLEAN FEATHERS.—Dissolve four ounces of white soap cut small in four pounds of water, moderately hot, in a basin, and make the solution into a lather by beating it with a small rod. Then introduce the feathers and rub them well with the hands for five minutes. They are next to be washed in clean water as the hand can bear it.

COAL ASHES.—Apply coal ashes on clay soil hurt by wet plowing. Apply in the fall, after rolling the land, if limpy. In the spring there will be a great amelioration, to be further improved as summer advances. —*E. G. Country Gentleman.*

TRIMMING HEDGES.—A correspondent, writing from Connersville, Indiana, says that by cutting the hedge plants half off and lopping them down, a hedge fence is much sooner established than any other way.

SALT, when mixed with manure, it is stated by a Belgian journal, will increase the natural productiveness of the soil to the extent of 250 per cent.


### Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

DRY GOODS. HARDWARE.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS
HAVE RECEIVED A
LARGE STOCK OF
*SPRING GOODS*

QUEENSWARE. CARPETS

April 30, 1869.—tf

GO TO

# DUPHORN'S

C HIS CLOTHS.

C HIS CASSIMERS.

C ALL HIS GOODS.

BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE

WHERE IF YOU WOULD

SAVE MONEY.

North-west corner of Square.

April 16, 1869.—tf

1869. DESIRABLE 1869.

# NEW GOODS!

*Most Excellent Assortment!*

I SELL for very small profits, and aim at doing a very large Business.
FASHIONABLE SHADES OF FINE SILK POPLINS.
FASHIONABLE SHADES OF FRENCH WOOL POPLINS.
FASHIONABLE SHADES OF ALPACCA POPLINS.
FRENCH CHINTZES. PIQUES, PERCALES AND LAWNS.
BLACK SILKS, PLAIN SILKS, PLAID SILKS.
SWISS MUSLINS, JACONET MUSLINS, CAMBRIC.
BLACK ALPACCA, COLORED ALPACCA, BLACK ALL WOOL DELAINE.
ISTORI SHAWLS, CASHMERE SHAWLS, THIBET SHAWLS.
CLOTHS, CASSIMERE, CLOAKINGS, LINEN DRILLING, COTTONADE.
TABLE COVERS, TABLE LINEN, NAPKINS, TOWELS.
BALMORAL SKIRTS, HOOP SKIRTS.
PLAIN LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS, HEM STITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS.
MEN'S, LADIES', MISSES', & CHILDREN'S GLOVES, AND STOCKINGS.

☞ I am continually receiving the latest styles of Dress and Fancy Goods. My stock comprises everything usually kept in a FIRST CLASS DRY GOODS STORE, to which I invite the attention of the public, feeling assured that I can safely challenge comparison with all other Stores in quality of goods and lowness of prices.

J. L. SCHICK.

Gettysburg, Pa., Jan. 15, 1869.—tf

## $10,000 REWARD!

*STORE ENTERED!*

## Rebert & Elliott's Store,

IN GETTYSBURG,

WAS entered last Week and a large quantity of Dry Goods, Carpets, Queensware and Carpeting taken.

The parties are well known, but have thus far escaped arrest, as they left Greenbackin exchange for the Goods.

The persons who took the Goods are very well satisfied that they received more or better Goods for their money than they could have got at any other store.

## Come one! Come one! Come one!

and examine our large assortment of

*SILKS,*
*GINGHAMS,*
*LAWNS,*
*BAREGES,*
*ALPACCAS,* &c.,
*CLOTHS,*
*CASSIMERES,*
*TWEEDS,*
*JEANS,*
*VESTINGS,* &c.

Also, Cassets, Notions, Glassware, Queensware, and Hardware, a general assortment not of everything belonging to a first-class Store.

REMEMBER the place is opposite the Court-house, Baltimore street, and that our motto is, Fair Dealing and Small Profits.

April 23, 1869.—tf

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER

# GOODS

AT PETERSBURG.

*GRIEST & BOWERS*

(Successors to E. Hitshew.)

We have just returned from Philadelphia with a large assortment of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

consisting in part of Ladies' Dress Goods, Cloths, Cassimeres, Domestic Goods of all kinds, a full line of white Goods and Notions, Hats, Shoes, Hardware, Queensware and Groceries, Carpets, Oil Cloths, &c., which have been purchased at panic rates and will be sold at prices to defy competition.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere to compare styles quality, and prices, as none determined not be undersold by any house in the county.

GRIEST & BOWERS

April 30, 1869.—



### Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

# H. B. WOODS,

*GETTYSBURG,*

Is Selling at Bottom Prices.

DRY GOODS AND DRESS GOODS,

That are down to "tight times" prices.

NOTIONS, STOCKINGS, GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS, &C.,

That are cheaper than ever.

SILK, GLASS AND OTHER DRESS BUTTONS,

In great iety.

HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS, PROTECTORS AND THE NEW "CAN'T BREAK 'EM" CORSET CLASPS,

All necessary to get dresses to fit nicely.

PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS,

Don't buy before you get my prices.

CASSIMERS, COTTONADES, JANES, &c.,

To which I invite examination in

Price and Quality.

# H A T S ,

All the latest Spring and Summer Styles.

# S H O E S

Of all kinds. In Shoes I can say that I keep the best class of goods that are kept in Adams county. Those who have tried to get cheap Shoes elsewhere soon learn that they have wasted their money.

April 16.—tf

NEW SPRING & SUMMER

# G O O D S

AT ARENDTSVILLE, PA.

## TOBIAS R. COVER

HAVING opened a new store, in Arendtsville, has just returned from the city with a splendid assortment of

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
HARDWARE, &c.

Having purchased my entire stock for cash, I am prepared to sell very cheap. Give me a call and judge for yourselves. T. R. COVER.

May 23.—3m



### Books, Drugs, Medicines.

69. JUNE 69.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Drugs & Family Medicines

PATENT MEDICINES,

LIQUORS AND WINES FOR MEDICAL PURPOSES,

PURE SPICES AND FLAVORING EXTRACTS,

DYES AND DYE STUFFS,

SOAPS, PERFUMES AND TOILET GOODS,

INKS, WRITING FLUIDS AND STATIONERY.

PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTIONS AND FAMILY RECIPES ACCURATELY PUT UP.

PHYSICIANS AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS SUPPLIED AT REDUCED RATES.

Forney's Horse Powders

the best and cheapest for Horses, Cattle and Swine. Other Horse Powders of approved makes.

## HUBER'S,

*Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Penn'a.*

June 11, 1869.—tf

# A. D. BUEHLER

# DRUG & BOOK STORE,

CHAMBERSBURG STREET,

Near the Diamond.

STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS,

*DRUGS AND MEDICINES,*

PERFUMERY AND TOILET SOAPS

☞ COUNTRY MERCHANTS supplied at wholesale city prices.
Feb. 12.—tf

## DR. R. HORNER

will resume the practice of Medicine. Office at his

# DRUG STORE,

IN CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG.

Also, Dealer in

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES, STATIONERY, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, TOILET ARTICLES, DYE STUFFS, PURE SPICES, &c.

DR. R. HORNER'S DIARRHŒA MIXTURE,

for Cholera Morbus, Colic, Diarrhœa, Cramps, Sick Stomach, &c. Full directions with every bottle.

July 9, 1869.—tf

## DR. JAMES CRESS,

# DRUGGIST,

*Store in Brant's Building, Balto. st.,*

## LITTLESTOWN,

HAVING opened a new DRUG STORE and stuffed it up in the best style, I offer my stock of pure and fresh Drugs to the citizens of Littlestown and vicinity at the lowest market rates, consisting in part of

*Drugs and Family Medicines, Pure Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Horse Powders,*

Pure Spices, Dyes and Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Toilet Soaps and Fancy articles. A full assortment of Brushes, Stationery of all kinds, Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff.

☞ Moore's Electro-Magnetic Soap will wash with hard or soft water, cold or warm. Clothes washed with this Soap are made beautifully white without boiling or bleaching. This is the best Soap in use. Try it. It is warranted not to injure the hands or fabric.

Littlestown, May 12.—ly JAMES CRESS.



### Hotels and Restaurants.

EAGLE HOTEL.

The largest and most commodious in

GETTYSBURG, PENNA.

CORNER OF CHAMBERSBURG AND WASHINGTON STREETS

*JOHN L. TATE, Proprietor.*

☞ An Omnibus, for Passengers and Baggage, runs to the Depot, on arrival and departure of Rail Road Trains. Carefull servants, and rooms in bleachargge.

May 29, 1867.—

KEYSTONE HOTEL.

*GETTYSBURG, PA.*

WM. E. MYERS, PROPRIETOR.

NOW OPEN.

THIS is a new House, and has been fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is central and convenient, being in the most business portion of the town. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests, with ample stabling attached. With experienced servants, and accommodating Clerks we shall use every endeavor to please. This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and we cindly solicit a share of public patronage.

May , 1867.



### Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

GO TO NORRIS'—If you want a good SUMMER SUIT.

GO TO NORRIS'—If you want a fashionable HAT or CAP.

GO TO NORRIS'—If you want a fashionable NECK-TIE, or good PAPER COLLAR and CUFFS.

GO TO NORRIS'—If you want anything in the GENTLEMEN'S LINE, for he keeps nothing but Gentlemen's wear, and has the LARGEST STOCK IN THE COUNTY.

GO TO NORRIS'—If you want a good pair of HOME MADE BOOTS, warranted to give satisfaction or Money REFUNDED.

# CUNNINGHAM

Has just received a large supply of

SPRING GOODS,

Consisting of

COATS, PANTS, VESTS,

OF ALL STYLES AND SIZES. ALSO,

S H I R T S ,

Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas,

and a great and large variety of

NOTIONS, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

CLOCKS, WATCHES,

TOBACCO and CIGARS,

all of which will be sold at short profits and warranted to please. Give him a call at his store on Baltimore street, (Picking's old Stand) near the Diamond.

April 9, 1869.—tf

# C L O T H I N G ,

Hats and Caps,

Boots and Shoes.

N E W F I R M !

*COBEAN & CUNNINGHAM*

HAVE just received from the City a new and large stock of

CLOTHING,
HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
NOTIONS, &c.

The goods have all been selected with great care and with a desire to meet the wants of this community. The public will find the goods to be of the best quality and the

LATEST STYLES.

One and all are invited to call at our Store, on Baltimore street, Gettysburg, nearly opposite Fahnestock Bros. R. C. COBEAN.

April 16.—tf JAS CUNNINGHAM.

## GOODS FURNISHED

AND

## Garments made to order,

BY

# W. T. KING

*York Street, Gettysburg, Pa.*

Jan. 15, 1869.—tf

## LADIES' HATS,

Always the latest styles out, and at lowest prices.

RIBBONS, TRIMMINGS, WREATHS,

FLOWERS, &c.,

New Goods every week during the season, at

H. B. WOODS' Store,

Corner York street and Diamond.

April 16.—3m

## CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

NEW AND LARGE ARRIVAL!

J. BRINKERHOFF, corner of the Diamond and Chalybeate street, has just returned from the city with an unusually attractive assortment of

CLOTHING FOR FALL & WINTER WEAR,

which he will sell at such prices as cannot fail to take the eye of every one. Call and judge for yourselves. To look at the excellent material, tasteful cutting, and neat and substantial sewing, and then to get his low prices—you cannot help but buy, when they see it so much to their interest to do so.

He has Coats, Pants, Vests, of all styles and materials.

Hats, Boots and Shoes:
Shirts, of all kinds, Jewelery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Cravats, Linen and Paper Collars, Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, Pocket Knives, Segars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Pipes, Stationery, &c. Clocks, Mirrors, Jewelry, with a thousand and one other articles, entirely too numerous to details in a newspaper advertisement.

He asks the attention of the public to his new stock, confident that it will please—and no one can or will sell cheaper. Don't forget the place—corner of York street and the Diamond, Gettysburg.

Nov. 6, 1868.—tf JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

## JOSEPH JACOBS,

*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

CHAMBERSBURG STREET, GETTYSBURG.

THE undersigned, of the late firm of Geo. Jacobs & Bro., would most respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a Merchant Tailoring establishment in Chambersburg street, next door to the old place, and three doors east of the Keystone House, where he will be happy to wait on all who may favor him. His stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c., &c.,

will be found choice and cheap—very desirable to select from. All kinds of Goods for sale—whether he manufactures or not.

GOODS MADE UP with dispatch, as well when bought at other stores as at his own. The very best work will be made—good fits and substantial sewing—and nothing will be deemed too much trouble to render satisfaction in every case.

The latest New York Fashions regularly received. Cutting done, as usual.

A share of public patronage is solicited, and no effort spared to deserve it.

April 16.—tf JOSEPH JACOBS.

## BOOTS AND SHOES.

*NEW ESTABLISHMENT.*

THE undersigned has erected a new building, for a Boot and Shoe Establishment, on Carlisle street, near the Rail Road Station, in Gettysburg, where he now offers for sale,

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., &c.,

mens', women and children's, of different styles and prices. He has a fine assortment to select from, and will employ none but first-class workmen.

WORK MADE TO ORDER, of the best materials and in the latest styles. Every effort made to please. Call and examine for yourselves. The public is solicited, and I will guarantee to suit them in stock or leave your orders. In either case you cannot fail to be pleased.

May 17, 1868.—ly JOHN M. KELLING.



### Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

# BOOTS & SHOES.

## D. KITZMILLER & BRO.,

*GETTYSBURG, PENNA*

YORK STREET, OPPOSITE THE BANK.

HAVE just received from the City a large assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES

FOR

GENTLEMEN, LADIES & CHILDRENS' WEAR,

Consisting of Calf & Kip Boots, Congress & Balmoral Gaiters, Slippers, &c.

*Made in latest styles and of best materials.*

We also MANUFACTURE TO ORDER, all kinds of *BOOTS AND SHOES*—the work being made up of best materials and by first class workmen. The senior partner has been in the business for over 15 years and personally superintends all work made up. We respectfully invite the attention of the public to our establishment, and hope by strict attention to business and by selling at lowest cash prices, to give entire satisfaction.

DAVID KITZMILLER,
JACOB A. KITZMILLER.

April 16, 1869.—tf

## Fine Custom Made

## BOOTS AND SHOES

FOR GENTLEMEN.

All the LEADING STYLES on hand or made to measure. Prices fixed at LOW FIGURES. An Illustrated Price List with instructions for self measurement sent on receipt of Post Office address.

WM. F. BARTLETT,
33 South Sixth st., above Chestnut,
PHILADELPHIA.

August 21, 1868 -1y



### Forwarding Houses.

# LOOK HERE!

THE undersigned has leased the Ware house on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, Gettysburg, Pa., and will carry on th

Grain & Produce Business

in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Bones, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

# GROCERIES

OF ALL KINDS

constantly for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soap, &c. Also, COAL OIL, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. Fish of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobacco.

He is always able to supply a first rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guano and other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load.

He will also run a

# LINE of FREIGHT CARS

to No. 143 North Howard street, BALTIMORE, and No. 311 Market street, PHILADELPHIA. All goods sent to either place will be received and forwarded promptly. All goods should be marked "CRESS' CAR."

JOHN CRESS.

April 2, 1869.—t.

## NEW FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSE.

HAVING purchased the extensive Warehouse, Cars, &c., of CULP & EARNHAM, the undersigned intend to carry on the business, under the firm of BIGHAM & CO., at the old stand of the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, on a more extensive scale than heretofore.

☞ A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY NOON, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from Baltimore. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 163 north Howard street, Baltimore, where determined to pay good prices, sell cheap and deal fairly, we invite everybody to give us a call.

WM. M. BIGHAM,
ALEXANDER COBEAN
JAMES BIGHAM.

Jan. 8, 1868.

## M'CURDY & HAMILTON,

DEALERS IN

*FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, &c.*

THE undersigned are paying at their Ware-house, in Carlisle street, adjoining Buehler's Hall, the highest prices for

FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, BUCKWHEAT, CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEEDS, POTATOES, &c., &c.,

and invite producers to give them a call before selling. They have constantly on hand for sale,

A LARGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES,

Molasses, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, &c., with Salt Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard, Tobacco, &c. Also, the best brands of FLOUR, with FEED of all kinds. They likewise have the

SEVERAL VALUABLE FERTILIZERS,

Soluble Pacific Guano, Rhodes' Phosphate and A Mexican Guano.

Whilst they pay the highest market prices for all they buy, they sell at the lowest living profits.—They ask a share of public patronage, resolved to give satisfaction in every case.

ROBERT McCURDY,
July 5, 1867.—tf WM. S. HAMILTON

## NEW FIRM.

## A. E. ECKENRODE

HAS taken the Warehouse, lately occupied by Philip Hann, at Granite Station, on the line of the Gettysburg Railroad, 2 miles from Hunterstown, and will deal in all kinds of

Grain and Produce,

giving the highest market price. I will also keep constantly on hand for sale all kinds of

GROCERIES,

Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, &c., with Salt Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Lard, Tobacco, &c. Also, the best brands of FLOUR, with FEED of all kinds; also, Coal.

I respectfully solicit the patronage of our friends, and invite the public to call and examine my stock.

A. E. ECKENRODE.

Jan. 22.—tf

## DANIEL GULDEN,

DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Flour, Grain,

*Groceries, Lumber, Coal, &c.*

THE undersigned keeps on hand, at his Warehouse, known as "*Golden's Station*," in Straban township on the line of the Gettysburg Railroad, all kinds of

GROCERIES,

including Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Syrups, &c., with Salt Fish, Oils, Tobacco, Bacon, Lard, &c. Also,

LUMBER AND COAL,

including Building Stuff, Shingles, Lathe, Stove and Blacksmith Coal. Also, Grain, and a large assortment of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes. Hats and Caps of all kinds, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest prices.

He always has the highest market price for Flour, Grain, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Potatoes, &c., or will receive and forward the same to market on commission. He respectfully asks his friends and the public to give him a call.

Aug. 31, 1867.—tf DANIEL GULDEN.

JOSEPH WIBLE. J. R. WIBLE. WM. J. WIBLE.

## Joseph Wible & Sons,

Produce Dealers, Forwarding and Commission Merchants,

*South-east corner of Railroad and Washington streets,*

GETTYSBURG PA.

HIGHEST cash price paid for all kinds of Grain and Country Produce generally. The highest cash price paid for gold Rye and Rye Straw. We will keep constantly on hand for sale all kinds of

GROCERIES,

such as Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Molasses and Syrup, Tobaccos, Soaps, Spices, and everything usually kept in a Grocery Store.

LINE OF CARS TO BALTIMORE.

We will run a line of Cars to Baltimore weekly, to the Warehouse of EMERSON & CO., 128 North street, corner of Franklin, for the transportation of goods each way, leaving Gettysburg every Monday and returning on Wednesday.

The best brands of FERTILIZERS constantly on hand, and secured at short notice for those ordering.

April 9, 1869.—tf

REMOVAL.—The undersigned has removed his PRINTING OFFICE from the Diamond to his new building, Railroad street, where he will be pleased to meet his old friends and patrons.

April 9.—tf J. E. WIBLE.



### Miscellaneous.

In consequence of the disastrous fire, which on the 4th inst., destroyed their store and its contents,

J. E. CALDWELL & CO.,

Jewellers,

Have had made especially to their order, by the best manufacturers in America, an entirely

New Stock of Choice Goods,

Which are now opened and ready for inspection.

*Very Fine Paris Mantle Clocks,*

(Every movement with the new improvements.)

NEW SIDE ORNAMENTS TO MATCH,

Made to order.

Bronzes, Groups and Figures.

GORHAM MANUFG CO'S

FINE ELECTRO WARES,

*Best Sterling Silver Wares,*

New designs.

Watches, Jewelry, &c., &c.,

A very full assortment at very

MODERATE PRICES.

For the present at

819 CHESTNUT ST.,
PHILADELPHIA.

Mar. 4, 1869.—ly

TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS.

## AT E. RIDLEY'S,

IN THE

JOBBING ROOMS,

UP STAIRS,

You will find the Largest Stock of Millinery and Straw Goods in this City, and a collection of bargains not to be found elsewhere.

We cut lengths at Piece Prices.

Buy and Sell for Cash.

EDWARD RIDLEY,
309, 311, 311½ GRAND, and 66, 68, 70 ALLEN STS.
CORNER STORE,
Fifth Block East from the Bowery,
NEW YORK CITY.

Third and Second Floors—Retail.
First Floor—Wholesale exclusively.

April 23.—3m

## GETTYSBURG RAIL ROAD.

TIME TABLE.

FIRST TRAIN leaves Gettysburg at 8 15, A. M. and connects at Hanover Junction with trains going North and South, passengers reaching Baltimore at 12 30, P. M., Harrisburg at 12 45, P. M., Philadelphia at 4 00, P. M., and New York at 7 00, P. M.; Returning, arrive at Gettysburg at 12 15, P. M., with passengers from Baltimore, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, &c.

LEAVE SOUTH WARD.

April 30, 1869. R McCURDY Supt.

## READING RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

*MONDAY, APRIL 26th, 1869.*

Great trunk line from the North and Northwest to Tamaqua, Ashland, Shamokin, Lebanon, Pottsville, Easton, Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York as follows:

At 2.35, 5.30 and 9.15 A. M., 12.25 noon, 2.00 and 10.55 P. M., connecting with similar Trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad, and arriving at New York at 9.40, 11.45 A. M. and 2.30, 7.45, 2.00 P. M., and 6.00 A. M., A. M. and 10.35 P. M. Trains, without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Shamokin, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia, at 8.00 A. M., 2.10 and 4.10 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal Way Stations; the 4.10 P. M. train making connections for Philadelphia, Pottsville and Columbia only. For Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad, leave Harrisburg at 3.30 P. M.

Returning: Leave New York at 9.00 A. M., 12.00 noon, 5.30 and 8.00 P. M., Philadelphia at 8.15 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; Sleeping cars accompany the 9.00 A. M. and 8.00 P. M. trains from New York without change.

Way Passenger Trains leave Philadelphia at 7.20 A. M., connecting with similar trains on East Penna. Railroad, returning from Reading at 2.00 P. M., stopping at all Stations.

Leave Pottsville at 7.15, 8.45 A. M. and 2.45 P. M., Shamokin at 5.25 and 10.55 A. M., Allentown at 7.00 A. M., 12.30 noon, Tamaqua at 8.20 A. M., and 2.20 P. M. for Philadelphia and New York.

Leave Pottsville via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 7.50 A. M. for Harrisburg, and 11.50 A. M. for Pine Grove and Tremont.

Reading Accommodation Train: Leaves Reading at 7.30 A. M., returning leaves Philadelphia at 5.15 P. M.

Pottstown Accommodation Train: Leaves Pottstown at 6.25 A. M., returning leaves Philadelphia at 4.30 P. M.

Columbia Rail Road Trains leave Reading at 7.00 A. M. and 6.15 P. M. for Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

Perkiomen Rail Road Trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 9.00 A. M. and 6.00 P. M. Returning leave Reading at 7.15 A. M. and 4.00 P. M. connecting with similar trains on Reading Rail Road.

On Sundays: Leave New York at 8.00 P. M., Philadelphia at 8.30 P. M., and Reading at 12.55 midnight, connecting at 3.55 A. M. for Harrisburg, at 12.55 midnight, and 7.00 A. M. for New York and 4.20 A. M. and 4.25 P. M. for Philadelphia.

Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion Tickets, to and from all points, at reduced Rates.

Baggage Checked through: 100 pounds allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
General Superintendent.

Reading Pa., May 7, 1869.

## NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

*SPRING SCHEDULE.*

On and after May 9, 1869, Trains will leave Hanover Junction as follows:

LEAVE NORTHWARD.

12.54 p. m.—Daily for Williamsport, daily (except Sundays) for Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and Erie and the West.

10.58 a. m.—Daily (except Sunday) for Elmira, Ballalso, &c.

2.35 p. m.—Daily (except Sundays) for Williamsport and Erie.

6.05 p. m.—Daily (except Sundays) for York.

9.55 p. m.—Daily (except Sundays) for Harrisburg and the West.

LEAVE SOUTHWARD.

7.07 a. m.—Daily stopping at Parkton only.

7.02 a. m.—Daily (except Sundays) stopping at all Stations.

12.30 p. m.—Daily stopping at Parkton only.

2.35 p. m.—Daily (except Sundays) stopping at the Stations.

EDW. S. YOUNG, Gen. Pass. Agent,
Baltimore, Md.
ALFRED H. FISKE, Gen. Superintendent,
May 28, 1869.—tf Harrisburg, Penn'a.



$40 STITCH! $37 50

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| $40 | $40 first class SEWING MACHINES | $37 50 |
| $40 | $40 machines presents for $37 50 worth | $37 50 |
| $40 | of subscriptions for WOOD'S HOUSEHOLD ADVOCATE. a first class | $37 50 |
| $40 | Family paper, at 75 cents a year.— | $37 50 |
| $40 | Also | $37 50 |

$32 TICK! TICK! $30

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| $32 | AMERICAN WATCHES, worth $32, | $30 |
| $32 | given for $30 worth of subscriptions.— | $30 |
| $32 | Also | $30 |

$12 DICTIONARY. $12

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| $12 | Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, | $12 |
| $12 | worth $12, given as premiums for | $12 |
| $12 | $12 worth of subscriptions. Also | $12 |

$100 Sunday School $100

$80 LIBRARIES, $80

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| $80 | Large or small, to be selected from | $80 |
| $50 | 400 volumes of the very best Books | $50 |
| $40 | published and given as premiums | $40 |
| $30 | for an equivalent amount of sub- | $30 |
| $24 | scriptions. | $24 |

&c. Also several other premiums equally liberal, &c.

☞ The ADVOCATE, (formerly called the Prospective) is a large 16-page monthly, devoted to Religion, Knowledge, Virtue, and Temperance. It has been enlarged and improved, and begins in 27 months. Send for specimen copy. Address

S. S. WOOD,
P. O. Building, Newburgh, N. Y.

March 12.—$10



PUMPS! PUMPS!

FOR pure water use, neither lasting wood, rusty iron, nor poison lead, be

THE CELEBRATED

CUCUMBER PUMP

Made of wild cucumber wood, *entirely tasteless and reliable.* Not a patent article, but old-fashioned wooden Pump, made by Machinery, and therefore perfect and accurate in all its parts, as an equal number of years, and costing no more than the money. Easily arranged so as to be worked from a single floor, and is kept up and kept it in repair. A... ...ing acknowledged the best and ... ...ished with each pump, free ... ...plied at lowest manufacturers price lists, &c. ... for circulars.

Call or address

CHAS. G. CLATCHLEY,
Seventh Street,
Philadelphia, Pa.
Agents wanted ... Market & Arch sts.,
No. 624 Filbert ... Philadelphia, Pa

Feb. 19.—6m



## JOSHUA SEITZ

(formerly of Hanover, Pa.)

Fashionable Tailor,

Two doors from Zook's Dry Good Store, on Hanover street,

NEW OXFORD, PA.

☞ The latest Fashions received from New York and Philadelphia as soon as issued.

May 24, 1867.—tf



BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM
THE STAR AND SENTINEL



### Miscellaneous.

# GROVER & BAKER'S

FIRST PREMIUM

ELASTIC STITCH

FAMILY

SEWING MACHINES,

495 *Broadway, New York.*

730 *Chestnut street, Philadelphia.*

POINTS OF EXCELLENCE.

Beauty and Elasticity of Stitch.
Perfection and Simplicity of Machinery.
Using both threads directly from the spools.
No fastening of seams by hand and no waste of thread.
Widest range of application without change of adjustment.
Under feed, cloth is fed in the same manner as by hand.
It will sew from the finest muslin to the heaviest cloth.
It will do the most beautiful embroidery and ornamental work.

☞ The Highest Premiums at all the fairs and exhibitions of the United States and Europe, have been awarded the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines, and the work done by them, wherever exhibited in competition.

☞ The very highest prize, THE CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR, was conferred on the representatives of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines, at the Exposition Universelle, Paris, 1867, thus attesting their great superiority over all other Sewing Machines.

☞ For sale by D. W. ROBISON, Gettysburg.

## NOTICE.

THE undersigned having had 17 years' experience as a practical Operator on Sewing Machines would recommend the Grover & Baker Family Machine as the cheapest and best machine for family use. The simplicity of construction and elasticity of stitch made by these machines are two very important points in their favor. 250,000 of these machines are to-day bearing witness to the truth of our assertions and the demand is steadily increasing.

We have also Shuttle Machines on hand for Tailors and Coach-trimmers use. Call and see us.

D. W. ROBISON, Agent,
Chambersburg st., Gettysburg, Pa.

June 11, 1869.—ly

ONE POUND OF BUTTER

MADE FROM

ONE PINT OF MILK.

$25 profit made by investing $1 for a bottle of the EX